

INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

TODAY'S WEATHER—**PARIS:** Occasional rain. 57-66 (14-19). Tomorrow partly cloudy. 58-68 (15-20). **LONDON:** Occasional rain. 55-65 (13-18). Tomorrow cloudy. 54-65 (12-17). **NEW YORK:** Cloudy. 54-65 (12-17). Tomorrow cloudy. 55-66 (13-18). **ADDITIONAL WEATHER**—PAGE 3

27,748

PARIS, FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1972

Established 1887

2 Slain, 30 Hurt In New Wave of Ulster Violence

BELFAST, March 30 (AP)—Extremists in Northern Ireland today mounted a wave of bomb and gun attacks that injured persons and killed a woman civilian and a British Army soldier.

The major escalation in violence came as the British Parliament today enacted a law under which it takes over the troubled province and as it ordered 600 more British troops, reinforcing 30 already trying to suppress terrorism. In Belfast's Andersonstown district a woman bystander was shot dead when caught in a "crossfire" during a three-and-one-half-hour gun battle between guerrillas and soldiers. Also in Belfast, an army munitions expert was killed by the explosion of a bomb he was trying to dismantle. They brought to 293 the death toll from violence in the province over the past 31 months.

Bombs planted in parked cars exploded in three cities. The outbreak of violence today effectively ended talk of a possible truce during the British takeover, which has been widely welcomed by non-activists in the Catholic third of the Protestant-dominated province.

One of the blasts in Lisburn, site of the British Army's provincial headquarters, six miles south of Belfast, exploded in a parked car near the city center. It injured 18 shoppers, four seriously. One lost an arm, another a foot.

Other bombs went off in Belfast and Londonderry. The underground Irish Republican Army, which wants reunification of Ulster with the Catholic-dominated Irish Republic to the south, was suspected of touching off at least five of today's blasts.

Protestant extremists were blamed by Ivan Cooper, a prominent Protestant in the Catholic-based civil rights movement, for an attempt to blow him up early today. A bomb exploded in his car as he was about to get into his car.

In addition to the prolonged battle between troops and snipers here, a gunfight broke out in the border town of Belleek, 90 miles to the west.

Hundreds of shots were exchanged there. The army said it suffered no casualties but may have hit two gunmen firing from the Irish Republic across the border.

Meanwhile Catholics in the North were reported planning massive marches in defiance of provincial security regulations.

Parades marking the 56th anniversary of the 1916 Easter Rebellion in Dublin—an uprising which led to the 1920 partition of Ireland and the 1921 emergence of the Irish Republic—were planned for Belfast, Londonderry, Lurgan and other towns.

This stirred fears of clashes between Catholics and Protestants, bringing over the historic British seizure of the province's government and plans to give the Catholics a bigger say in running Northern Ireland.

The planned parades could give Britain's new overlord of Northern Ireland, William Whitelaw, his first taste of the bitter sectarian strife which has riven the province.

Backlash Feared Normally the Protestants do not molest the Catholics during their "remember the rebellion" marches, but security chiefs fear that this Easter may be scarred by a violent backlash by Ulster's one million Protestants.

The British Defense Ministry (Continued on Page 3, Col. 5)

Inspite Opposition in Congress

Nixon Decides to Sell Greece 36 Phantom Fighter-Bombers

WASHINGTON, March 30 (AP)—Despite opposition in Congress, the administration will sell Greece 36 F-4 Phantom fighter-bombers to modernize its force.

The administration said yesterday that an agreement to sell the Greek military junta the two squadrons of planes was signed in Athens Tuesday.

Thirty-four House members sent President Nixon a letter yesterday asking him to rescind his decision to resume military aid to Greece and to establish a home port there for the Sixth Fleet.

The congressmen argued that such events "bring us closer to the Greek military dictatorship when we should be stepping back from the association."

The price, including spare parts and ground equipment, is \$150 million, State Department spokesman Charles Bray said.

The Greeks will make an initial down payment and the rest will be financed by a U.S. credit under the Foreign Military Sales Act.

Earlier this month, the Pentagon asked Congress for a \$58 million sales credit to help Greece buy new planes and "other improvement items."

Administration officials see the buildup of Greek forces as necessary to strengthen the NATO alliance's southern flank.



GETTING ACQUAINTED—Maltese Prime Minister Dom Mintoff talking to Chinese Ambassador to Italy Shen Ping yesterday at Rome airport on his way to Peking.

Mintoff on Way to Peking, May Seek Aid

VALLETTA, Malta, March 30 (Reuters)—Maltese Prime Minister Dom Mintoff left here today for a visit to China, possibly to seek Chinese aid.

Mr. Mintoff, fresh from negotiating a \$14-million defense agreement with Britain and NATO, is heading a four-man delegation, including Public Works Minister Lorry Sant.

The prime minister's itinerary and the duration of the visit have not been announced.

But the inclusion of the public works minister in the delegation caused speculation that the

Chinese may be invited to help Malta in some major engineering project.

Malta and China established diplomatic relations last January but the announcement was not made until 25 days later.

An official statement made in the House of Representatives yesterday said that the establishment of diplomatic and economic relations between the two countries would be examined in detail during Mr. Mintoff's visit.

The new seven-year defense agreement between Britain, Malta

and NATO specifically barred Warsaw Pact forces from the island.

But it said nothing about China or other countries and it could be that China will try to exploit this gap by giving economic aid to Malta and then use it as a base from which to spread its influence in the Mediterranean.

Other members of Mr. Mintoff's delegation are Edgar Mizzi, Crown Advocate General, Joe Camilleri, secretary to the cabinet, and Joe Fenech, high commissioner in Australia.

Hussein Hints at Separate Peace With Israel if Arab Efforts Fail

By Jesse W. Lewis Jr.

WASHINGTON, March 30 (AP)—King Hussein of Jordan yesterday carefully left open the possibility that he might make a separate peace with Israel if a concerted Arab effort at settlement proves impossible.

In an interview at Blair House, the presidential guest house, King Hussein twice declined to rule out a Jordanian-Israeli agreement when asked, "Is there a possibility that Jordan will make a separate peace with Israel?"

King Hussein is in Washington on a "private" visit during which he has conferred with President Nixon, security adviser Henry A. Kissinger, Secretary of State William P. Rogers and Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird.

King Hussein replied, "Peace is our objective. It has been and will always be. . . . We hope and aspire for a peace, which is a general one and a lasting one. And until now we have worked with others, hoping that such a peace will be achieved. But it all depends on the Israelis and their attitude."

When pressed, the 36-year-old monarch said: "I believe that the greatest difficulties lie on the Jordan-Israeli side, as to speak—difficulties of the human element, the human suffering, the tragedy of the lost land, the people who have suffered so much. . . . I believe that the Syrian one or the Egyptian one is considerably easier."

King Hussein also made these points:

● The "overwhelming majority of the people of Palestine" support his plan for a united federal kingdom after Israel withdraws from the occupied West Bank of the Jordan River.

● Relations between Egypt and Jordan are strained. He said that he hoped that this is a "passing phase," but that he was "disappointed and shocked" at the conduct of Egyptian legal proceedings against the alleged killers of Jordanian Premier Wasfi Telli, who was assassinated in Cairo in November.

● Jordanian Air Force planes were sent to Pakistan during the recent Pakistani-Indian war.

While King Hussein is discussing his proposal for an autonomous Palestinian state on the West Bank and seeking additional U.S. economic and military aid.

King Hussein said that his federation plan would meet the social, political and economic aspirations of the Palestinian population.

"I believe it puts the problem in the proper context, the problem of the Palestinian people, their plight, their rights and their homeland," the king said.

"But outside the territory of



Jordanian King Hussein in Washington for visit.

Palestine, which is all under occupation at this stage, it gives them the identity which is dear to them, and at the same time it insures that we remain as one family and we do not leave them on their own, as they feared. For this we will never do."

He said that in the "context of a final solution and a final peace," Jerusalem must be the meeting place for all, adding that Jordan is "open minded" on how the problems of sovereignty over Jerusalem will be resolved.

"Some might say that Jerusalem must belong to people of the Jewish faith, as Rome belongs to Christians and Mecca to Moslems. But no other city, no other point in the world is such a meeting place . . . and

is of such importance as Jerusalem is to all."

But he said, "and this is a must . . . our rights—the rights of the Palestinians at least—must be recognized. Then we are willing and ready to discuss every way and any means" to resolve the Jerusalem question.

When asked about the report that Jordanian Air Force planes were sent to Pakistan, the king expressed "surprise" that the report would surface during his visit to Washington.

"Unless it is really an attempt to affect the visit in one way or another."

He said that there is "close cooperation" between Jordan and Pakistan, and "any moves that we might have carried out are within that context."

Week After Breaking Off Peace Talks

Porter Leaves Paris for Consultations in U.S.

PARIS, March 30 (AP)—America's chief Vietnam peace negotiator flew to Washington for consultations today as the Viet Cong and North Vietnamese reiterated their objections to the indefinite suspension of the peace conference by the United States.

U.S. Ambassador William J. Porter went to Washington a week after he had broken off the more than three-year-old conference, asserting that the Communist delegations were not "negotiating seriously."

Acting on President Nixon's orders, Mr. Porter told the Communists he would be willing to resume the talks only if they are "disposed to engage in meaningful

exchanges" on the peace plans presented by both sides.

A statement published by the Viet Cong delegation to the conference "firmly demanded that the American government immediately cease its acts of sabotage" of the conference, "negotiate seriously and respond positively" to the Communists' seven-point peace plan.

The suspension of the conference was termed "a very cynical act of sabotage . . . and a new, extremely grave step made by the American government to undermine the negotiations on the Vietnam problem."

North Vietnamese Minister of State Xuan Thuy called on French Foreign Minister Maurice

Room-to-Room Battle

3 Victims, 10 Terrorists Die in Turkish Kidnap

From Wire Dispatches

ANKARA, March 30—Three NATO technicians were shot to death by Turkish terrorists, who were then killed in a room-by-room battle with police and troops, an official government communiqué said tonight.

The communiqué contradicted earlier statements by officials at the scene that the ten terrorists and three technicians were killed in the explosion of the ammunition supply in the mountain village house where they were holed up, surrounded by about 500 troops for more than eight hours.

The communiqué said police wearing bulletproof vests stormed the house in the village of Kizildere and found the three technicians bound and shot through the head. In a 45-minute shootout with the terrorists in another part of the two-story timber house, all the terrorists were killed.

The communiqué made no mention of casualties to security forces.

The explosion reports resulted from the confusion as the invading police threw gas bombs and the terrorists threw grenades during the final battle, a government spokesman said.

Kizildere is a village of 100 houses in the rugged Pontus Mountains, 60 miles south of the Black Sea town of Unye, where Canadian John Stewart Law, 25, and two Britons, Gordon Banner, 35, and Charles Turner, 43, were seized.

The terrorists, members of the Turkish People's Liberation Army, had kidnapped the technicians as hostages for the lives of three leftist extremists condemned to death by a martial law court.

Today, however, when defying the troops, which had surrounded their hideout, they insisted they would release the kidnap victims only if they were given safe passage out of Turkey. They had dropped their offer to exchange the technicians for the three condemned leftists.

Search Operation The terrorists were traced to the house in Kizildere which means red river—at 3 a.m. today after a four-day search operation by the Turkish Army, Navy and Air Force.

Two hours later, army commandos closed in on the village, and ordered about 700 villagers out of their homes for safety.

A statement issued by the Turkish Embassy in London today said that from 0800 local time until 1300, security forces surrounding the building had been urging the kidnappers to surrender and avoid harming their hostages.

"Instead of obeying these orders, the kidnappers opened fire at 1400 and continued to maintain fire against the security forces," the statement said.

"At 1610, security forces, wearing bulletproof vests, started advancing on the building in a bid to save the lives of the Britishmen and obtain the surrender of their kidnappers."

"They approached the building, and threw in a tear gas grenade. When they entered, they were confronted by the bodies of the three Englishmen, their hands tied behind them, each shot in the head," the statement said.

A gun battle then developed and all the kidnappers were killed.

Witnesses said one of the terrorists, former air force Lt. Safet Alp, was shot dead outside the house when he tried to surrender during the final shootout.

The embassy statement added: "It is understood that all three Englishmen had been killed by the kidnappers before the latter opened fire on the security forces at 1400 hours."

One of the kidnapped men referred to in the statement as an



Mahir Cayan

Englishman was a Canadian, Mr. Law, who had lived most of his life in England.

Officials said the final assault came after an unsuccessful mediation attempt by a lawyer acquainted with the terrorists.

The communiqué made no mention of whether he was killed

with them. Earlier, officials had said he was killed.

The lawyer, Sener Sadik, was taken by helicopter from Unye, where he was being held on charges of having aided the terrorists. He reportedly had offered to tell them to give up and free the technicians because the government would not compromise.

Authorities said that among the dead terrorists was Mahir Cayan, Turkey's most wanted fugitive.

Cayan was involved in a similar showdown in Istanbul last June, when he holed up in an apartment with an accomplice holding a 14-year-old girl as hostage.

He was captured and wounded and the accomplice was killed. Cayan and two other terrorists in the house, Chihan Alptekin and Omer Yana, escaped from a military prison last November.

Turkish Premier Nihat Erim tonight sent messages of condolences to British Prime Minister Edward Heath and Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau.

In London, British Foreign Secretary Sir Alec Douglas-Home issued a statement tonight deploring the "senseless violence" of the killings.

First Spectre Lost in War

A Sophisticated U.S. Gunship Downed by Red Anti-Aircraft

By Craig R. Whitney

SAIGON, March 30 (AP)—North Vietnamese anti-aircraft missiles shot down an Air Force AC-130 four-engine gunship over the Ho Chi Minh Trail, in southern Laos, early yesterday morning, and its 14 crewmen were declared missing today by the U.S. Command.

It was the first time reported in the war that one of the sophisticated AC-130 Spectre gunships, which use infrared sensors, computers, and 40-mm cannon to search out and destroy North Vietnamese truck traffic at night on the infiltration trail network, had been shot down.

The development follows a large-scale buildup of enemy anti-aircraft defenses in Laos.

Air Force pilots have said, however, that other AC-130 gunships had been shot at and hit before. The planes are based in Thailand, and because of their vulnerability to the well-developed anti-aircraft defenses along the trail this year, they fly only at night and usually with faster jet fighter-bomber escorts to protect them.

The AC-130 is a version of the Lockheed C-130 transport. It has four turboprop engines and can fly at speeds of less than 200 miles an hour. The Air Force counts the gunship as its most effective weapon against truck traffic on the trails. The AC-130 models have been in use only in the last two years.

The recent increase in the number of North Vietnamese surface-to-air-missile emplacements along the trail in southern Laos has caused concern among senior Air Force officials here. The high-altitude B-52s that do most of the heavy bombing of the trails are also vulnerable to such missiles.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Indochina Toll Up for Saigon

SAIGON, March 30 (AP)—South Vietnamese and Communist casualties rose sharply last week to the highest levels in nine months, the Saigon command reported today. U.S. combat losses were reported as four killed and 13 wounded.

The South Vietnamese death toll, which had fluctuated around an average 300 per week since last July and last week was 387, rose to 415.

Reported North Vietnamese and Viet Cong losses for the week were nearly twice as heavy as the 1972 average, with 1,981 claimed killed.

Cambodia Reported Refusing Peace Proposal From Hanoi

SAIGON, March 30—Cambodia has flatly turned down a peace proposal from the North Vietnamese, the Chicago Daily News reported today.

The proposal included a general cease-fire in Cambodia in exchange for a logistics corridor along the South Vietnamese border.

The Cambodian government refused the proposal, the newspaper said, because it felt such an agreement would have resulted in an invasion of its territory by the South Vietnamese and a subsequent loss of land.

These details emerged officially for the first time today from unimpeachable sources here, the paper said.

The sources said the proposal was carried to the Cambodian government through an "Eastern bloc" embassy within "the last two months."

First of Its Kind The reported offer is believed to be the first of its kind in the long Southeast Asian war.

Reports of peace proposals involving Cambodia have been circulating for several weeks but have always been denied. Most of those reports said the Cambodians had taken the initiative.

However, sources here said it was clearly the North Vietnamese who made the proposal, the newspaper said.

Earlier today a Saigon newspaper quoted South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu as

saying: "The North Vietnamese have failed in their plan to force (Cambodian) President Lon Nol to give them Ratanak Kiri province in exchange for an end to their offensive."

Sources Confirm Report The newspaper said its sources confirmed the report. The province in question is located in northeastern Cambodia opposite South Vietnam's Central Highlands.

The area has long been a sanctuary for Communist troops and it is believed to be the area where the infamous Central Office for South Vietnam is located. This is the North Vietnamese headquarters for coordinating the entire war effort in South Vietnam.

Western military sources have said the Communist forces have the ability to take all of Cambodia at will but apparently do not want to divert the manpower or effort from their main target, South Vietnam.

Apollo-16 Launch Gains CAPE KENNEDY, Fla., March 30 (AP)—Preparations for Apollo-16's flight to the moon went forward today when the launch team successfully completed a countdown test. The weeklong rehearsal was completed one day later than planned because a faulty circuit breaker had to be replaced in the command ship last weekend.

But Envoy Says There Are Only 40

Bolivia Asks Ouster of 119 Soviet Officials

LA PAZ, March 30 (UPI).—The Soviet Union today was asked by the Bolivian government to withdraw 119 embassy officials within a week, leaving only six or seven Russians in the La Paz embassy.

Soviet Ambassador Alexei F. Sherbachevich said today the embassy has only 40 attaches in Bolivia and not the 119 the government has asked be withdrawn.

"Where did they get 119 when the embassy has only 40 func-

tionaries?" asked Mr. Sherbachevich. "I didn't want to make any comment, but it is difficult not to comment when the names and numbers given of members of this embassy are false."

Two weeks ago, the Bolivian government had expressed concern that an unspecified embassy was aiding leftist guerrillas operating inside Bolivia.

"Even if you added all the members of the families of the 40 attaches in the Soviet Embassy in La Paz, the total would only be 92 persons," Mr. Sherbachevich protested.

The Russian ambassador said Bolivian Foreign Minister Mario Gutierrez had given him two separate lists of alleged attaches in his embassy, one with 63 names and the other with 56.

The ambassador said a perusal of the lists indicated the names of diplomatic couriers, members of trade missions, or journalists visiting La Paz at one time or another.

Mr. Gutierrez and Minister of

the Interior Mario Adelt Zamora, in a television and radio announcement, said Bolivia had only three officials in its Moscow embassy.

Mr. Gutierrez said the large number of Russians in the embassy in Bolivia had aroused suspicion and it was the duty of the government to express concern over the matter.

Armed Forces Request

He said the withdrawal had been requested by the armed forces, press organizations and civic groups.

Mr. Adelt Zamora said intelligence reports indicated a plan of operation for a guerrilla group to work inside Bolivia has been devised. He said a telegram had been intercepted containing instructions for implementing the plan which had been scheduled to go into effect Tuesday.

Mr. Adelt Zamora said one paper was signed by Osmani Cienfuegos, of the Cuban military, and another by Clodoveo Ortigosa, indicating the extremist group's operational plans had been written in Cuba.

Previously, sources had said the Soviet Union was giving aid to Cuba and that some of the money was being used to finance Bolivian guerrilla operations.

Smallpox Toll Mounts to 16 In Yugoslavia

Hannover Places 450 in Quarantine

BELGRADE, March 30 (Reuters).—The death toll in Yugoslavia's smallpox outbreak rose to 16 today as two more persons died in the Serbian province of Kosovo, where the disease broke out earlier this month.

Belgrade radio reported a total of 90 cases in the province, of which 10 have died.

An official statement earlier today said there had been eight deaths in Kosovo, five in Belgrade and one in another Serbian town.

In Belgrade, the number of smallpox cases has officially been put at 29 and press reports here said today nearly 800 persons, including 186 medical workers, have been isolated.

Health authorities in the central republic of Bosnia-Herzegovina are on the alert following the discovery of a suspected case in Sarajevo, the first such case outside Serbia, the Belgrade newspaper Borba reported today.

Meanwhile, in Hannover, West Germany, health authorities today quarantined another 193 persons known to have been in contact with a Yugoslav migrant worker suffering from smallpox, bringing the total isolated to nearly 450.

State government officials expressed fears of more cases, and organizers met today to consider possible implications for West Germany's major trade fair due to open in Hannover in three weeks.

At the same time, the Bavarian State Vaccine Institute has developed an oral vaccine against smallpox, the state Interior Ministry said.

The vaccine was not yet ready for public distribution, the ministry said.

Vaccine Scarcity

DACCA, March 30 (Reuters).—Scarcity of smallpox vaccine is hampering the fight against an epidemic which has already claimed 400 lives in Bangladesh.

Another 12,000 cases of infection were reported in the districts of Jessore, Khulna, Faridpur and Barisal, a Health Ministry spokesman said today.

The army announcement said the searches would gradually be increased "in volume and intensity" and warned all citizens to cooperate.

Meanwhile, a communiqué attributed to the kidnappers indicated that Mr. Sallustro was still alive after the Tuesday midnight deadline the abductors had set for his execution.



NEAR MISS—Ivan Cooper, Ulster MP who escaped, shaken but unhurt, when bomb exploded underneath his car in Londonderry yesterday. A Social Democratic and Labor party member, he said he had no doubt the blast was a serious attempt to assassinate him.

2 Die, 30 Hurt In No. Ireland

(Continued from Page 1)

announced that it was sending in the extra troops from the Queen's Regiment.

Signs of the boiling Protestant opposition to the British takeover came from the ousted provincial prime minister, Brian Faulkner, who said today, "We have been treated badly by those ... we believed to be our friends."

Mr. Faulkner said in his resignation statement: "We have seen the life of our province ruined."

Referring to massive demonstrations of Protestant power over the last few days, including a crippling two-day general strike, Mr. Faulkner warned: "There will be other occasions and ways to demonstrate the strength of our numbers."

In the bomb blast blamed on Protestants today, the intended victim, Mr. Cooper, a member of the suspended provincial Parliament, said he was injured to his bomb-riddled car by a telephone call.

Police Post Attacked

At Belleek, the cross-border battle between British soldiers and snipers lasted for an hour. Four gunmen opened up with automatic weapons on the police post at Belleek. Troops, backed by several Scout cars mounting heavy machine guns, fired back at the gunmen hidden in thickets.

Mr. Faulkner, in his speech today, promised to "deal openly" with Mr. Whitelaw but said he would not cooperate with the Whitelaw advisory commission representing all shades of political opinion in Ulster.

Urging respect for the law, the 51-year-old Protestant politician said: "Whether we like it or not, the new administration has now become the law of the land. If we do not accept this, we will sink to the level of that rabble who for years past proclaimed civil rights but recognized no civil obligations."

Saying he now spoke "as leader of the Unionist party," he declared the bond between Northern Ireland and Great Britain had been "sealed by blood and sacrifice on both sides."

"No new system can be made to work without our willing cooperation. We shall not be truculent or unreasonable. We shall make a constructive contribution."

"Above all, let us insure we never descend to violence or intimidation," Mr. Faulkner said. It is reported that Mr. Faulkner, who entered politics in 1948 and held two cabinet posts before becoming prime minister for a year and a week, will seek a seat in the British Parliament.

China Assails U.S. Halt of Peace Parley

First Direct Attack Since Nixon's Visit

PEKING, March 30 (Reuters).—In its first direct denunciation of the United States since President Nixon visited Peking a month ago, Peking today strongly criticized the U.S. move to suspend the Vietnam peace talks in Paris.

A commentary by the official New China News Agency and an article in the party newspaper, People's Daily, by the authoritative source who signs himself "Commentator," described as a false display the current objective of a U.S. week of national concern for prisoners of war and Americans missing in action.

The news agency commentary said that Americans were prisoners or missing solely because of a U.S. war of aggression in Vietnam.

"If the United States really has any 'concern' for the prisoners of war, and really wants to release their families of suffering, it should immediately end its war of aggression, pull out all its aggressor troops, cease 'war Vietnamization' and all support for the South Vietnamese Nguyen Van Thieu clique," the commentary said.

Commentator's article in People's Daily said the U.S. week of concern was a pretense.

Top Official's Views

Commentator is understood here to be a top official of the Chinese party and government, and his articles are regarded as authoritative statements of the Chinese position on foreign policy.

The article said that the U.S. government had tried to enlist public opinion for its position in Vietnam by playing "all kinds of tricks, trying vainly to divert public attention and has even arbitrarily suspended the Paris talks on the Vietnam question."

The article went on to condemn strongly the U.S. position on Indochina.

Since President Nixon's visit, China has been critical of U.S. policy in Indochina, but only in statements issued in support of Hanoi's criticism of Washington.

1st Gunship Lost by U.S.

(Continued from Page 1)

siles, and the Air Force has taken special defensive counter-measures recently.

Hanoi Artillery

SAIGON, March 30 (UPI).—North Vietnamese troops made a rare use of heavy artillery guns today in a possible attempt to knock out South Vietnam's vital northern lifeline.

Field reports said the fighting might be the heaviest in Indochina in a year as the North Vietnamese pounded five key South Vietnamese positions below the DMZ and tried to storm three others in coordinated attacks.

The reports said some U.S. advisers at DMZ outposts were caught in the East German "good will gesture" would have a favorable effect in the West.

The Big Four ambassadors' agreement to lessen tension here that was reached last September gives West Berliners the right to visit the East a total of 30 days a year.

The agreement can go into effect only when the treaties with Moscow and Warsaw are ratified, Neues Deutschland said.

Traffic through the wall was also again today with the main rush scheduled to begin tomorrow, on Good Friday, the beginning of the four-day holiday weekend.

At least 400,000 West Berliners were expected to visit the East for trips of one to three days.

U.S. Statement On POW News

PARIS, March 30 (AP).—The U.S. delegation to the Paris peace talks today issued a statement concerning frequent visit to Paris by wives or other relatives of American prisoners of war or missing who seek information from Vietnamese Communist officials about their kin.

The statement said, "The U.S. delegation is aware of 147 separate delegations of U.S. citizens which have come to Paris during the past three years ... Of these 147 delegations, to our knowledge, only 33 have been granted an interview with a Communist official. The rest have been unable to get satisfactory replies to their requests for appointments ... We know of only one case in which a wife was given information."

The statement added: "Not content to hold the U.S. POWs as physical hostages, the Communist side has also used the families as emotional hostages."

It was the first major contact in this area since South Vietnamese and American intelligence reported North Vietnamese troop movements eastward across the Central Highlands at the beginning of the year.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.



SOUTH POLE OBSERVATORY—Unmanned Antarctic watchtower perched on 15-foot tubular pyramid near McMurdo station in the desolate south polar continent takes readings of local conditions and radios them back to Stanford University scientists in California via satellite. The observatory, developed by the Stanford group, is starting its first full year of test with instruments. If successful, a network of such observatories may be set up throughout Antarctica.

As W. Berliners Cross Over

East Germans Pressure Bonn On Pacts—Cite Wall Accord

BERLIN, March 30 (UPI).—The East Germans told West Germany today to ratify the nonaggression pacts with Russia and Poland if it wants to keep the Berlin wall open for family relations.

They warned that the Big Four ambassadors' agreement on opening the wall would go into effect only if the West German parliament ratifies the pact.

The East German position was outlined by Neues Deutschland, official Communist party newspaper, as West Berliners for the second day passed through nine crossing points in the wall for holiday reunions with their relatives in the East.

Members of families separated by the anti-refugee wall laughed and cried as they saw each other again for the first time in six years.

Neues Deutschland, however, made plain what West German observers had suspected—that the East Germans decided to open the wall for West Berliners for seven days to create a favorable atmosphere for the West German parliamentary debates on the nonaggression pacts. The ratification vote is scheduled for May 4.

The newspaper said it hoped the East German "good will gesture" would have a favorable effect in the West.

The Big Four ambassadors' agreement to lessen tension here that was reached last September gives West Berliners the right to visit the East a total of 30 days a year.

The agreement can go into effect only when the treaties with Moscow and Warsaw are ratified, Neues Deutschland said.

Traffic through the wall was also again today with the main rush scheduled to begin tomorrow, on Good Friday, the beginning of the four-day holiday weekend.

At least 400,000 West Berliners were expected to visit the East for trips of one to three days.

U.S. Statement On POW News

PARIS, March 30 (AP).—The U.S. delegation to the Paris peace talks today issued a statement concerning frequent visit to Paris by wives or other relatives of American prisoners of war or missing who seek information from Vietnamese Communist officials about their kin.

The statement said, "The U.S. delegation is aware of 147 separate delegations of U.S. citizens which have come to Paris during the past three years ... Of these 147 delegations, to our knowledge, only 33 have been granted an interview with a Communist official. The rest have been unable to get satisfactory replies to their requests for appointments ... We know of only one case in which a wife was given information."

The statement added: "Not content to hold the U.S. POWs as physical hostages, the Communist side has also used the families as emotional hostages."

It was the first major contact in this area since South Vietnamese and American intelligence reported North Vietnamese troop movements eastward across the Central Highlands at the beginning of the year.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

U.S. officials reported that six flights of B-52 bombers struck at North Vietnamese staging areas in the Central Highlands in one of the most concentrated air raids for some time.

Radio Japan invites you to Japan!

Radio Japan, in cooperation with Japan Air Lines, will invite three people for their written impressions of radio programs to Japan this fall.

Particulars: Impression theme, "Listening to Radio Japan's programs". Select any program, news, commentary or any other to be broadcast May and June 1972 and write your impression in 500 words (in French; 600 words) clearly indicating the name of the program and the language it was broadcast in. Send it to Radio Japan/NHK, Tokyo, Japan before deadline July 31, 1972. Winning entries will be notified by September 30, 1972 and invited to Japan for one week in October, 1972. Include your name, address, age, sex, and occupation with your entry.

RADIO JAPAN

European Service

EST (I) 0745-0945 (Swedish, German, French, English & Italian)

(II) 2030-2200 (Russian, German & English)

Frequencies

(I) 21570kHz (13mb), 17825kHz (18mb)

(II) 11950kHz (25mb), 9735kHz (31mb)

NHK

NIPPON HOSO KYOKAI

(Japan Broadcasting Corporation)

Headquarters: 2-2-chome, Uchisaiyawa-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 100, Japan

REAL ESTATE & BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

INVESTMENTS

EVERY WAY IS THE WAY TO Torralta



If you are interested in Tourist Investments

Ask for information:

TORRALTA

CLUB INTERNACIONAL DE FERIAS, S.A.R.L.

Ave. Duque de Lomé, 66-A - Lisbon - Portugal



BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

BUSINESSES

BELGIUM

Well-known and old established Belgian concern closing one of its Divisions, sells or rents very well equipped, modern (1963) building including offices, in perfect condition, which could serve as warehouse and/or workshop for any type of activities. Built-up area: 5,500 sq.m., extension possible.

Ideally situated immediate vicinity Brussels, very near railroad and autoroute Brussels-Mons-Paris.

Price asked: U.S. \$850,000.

Box D-3157, Herald Tribune, Paris.

REALTY INVESTMENT

A VALUABLE INVESTMENT IN SWISS REAL ESTATE

You can acquire an apartment, a house or a chalet in the most well-known Swiss holiday sites (Lugano, Verbier, Haute-Nendaz, Les Collons). Representatives and agents are welcome

send coupon to:

COMPAGNIE FINANCIERE POUR LE COMMERCE

Box 393

CH - 1211 GENEVA 12

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

CITY: _____ COUNTRY: _____

TAX FREE CARS

For inquiries please write, if you wish 120 page catalogue with 25 color pictures and full information how to purchase TAX-FREE CARS. Send coupon and one dollar to:

JETCAR

NAME: _____

ADDRESS: _____

CITY/STATE: _____

WEATHER

	C	F	Overcast
ALGERIA	15	59	Rain
AMSTERDAM	10	50	Cloudy
BARCELONA	17	63	Cloudy
BELGRADE	18	64	Sunny
BOMBAY	25	77	Sunny
BREITENBURG	10	50	Cloudy
BUDAPEST	11	52	Cloudy
BUENOS AIRES	13	55	Partly cloudy
CAIRO	21	70	Cloudy
CARACAS	27	81	Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	14	57	Cloudy
COSTA DEL SOL	23	73	Sunny
DUBLIN	12	54	Rain
EDINBURGH	9	48	Rain
FLORENCE	18	64	Cloudy
FRANKFURT	10	50	Cloudy
GENEVA	17	63	Sunny
HELSINKI	3	37	Cloudy
ISTANBUL	27	81	Partly cloudy
LAS PALMAS	26	79	Partly cloudy
LONDON	12	54	Very cloudy
MADRID	18	64	Cloudy
MILAN	17	63	Cloudy
MONTREAL	2	36	Rain
MOSCOW	7	45	Very cloudy
MUNICH	10	50	Cloudy
NEW YORK	10	50	Cloudy
NOTRE DAME	16	61	Cloudy
OSLO	2	36	Sunny
PARIS	15	59	Cloudy
PRAGUE	6	43	Cloudy
ROME	17	63	Very cloudy
SARAJEVO	27	81	Partly cloudy
SOFIA	27	81	Partly cloudy
STOCKHOLM	2	36	Very cloudy
TEL AVIV	20	68	Cloudy
TUNIS	21	70	Cloudy
VIENNA	12	54	Partly cloudy
WARSAW	8	46	Very cloudy
WASHINGTON	12	54	Cloudy
ZURICH	10	50	Partly cloudy

U.S. Customary temperature at 1000 GMT, others at 0700

Reserving Executive Privilege

White House Barred Record of Kissinger Talk to Senators

WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI)—The White House vetoed a plan to keep a transcript of a meeting between presidential security adviser Henry A. Kissinger and Senate Foreign Relations Committee members on Tuesday, Senate sources said.

President's War Power Debated

By John W. Finney
WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI)—The Senate began debate yesterday on a bill that it says is necessary to check the war-making powers of the president but which the administration protests is unconstitutional and unwarranted.

The legislation would authorize the president to use the military in certain emergency situations but it specifies that hostilities could not be maintained for more than 90 days without congressional approval.

The administration mounted a minute lobbying effort against the legislation. Its effort included a letter by Secretary of State William P. Rogers warning that the bill "would violate the constitution and, far from preventing future military involvement, would increase the likelihood of such involvement."

Sen. Alton S. Sikes, R-N.Y., who was made public on Capitol Hill by the senator and at the Department of State as the debate in the Senate.

With the broad bipartisan and ideological support behind the bill, however, it appeared unlikely that the administration could block the legislation in the Senate, although it may well succeed in blocking the measure in the House.

Among Senate conservatives and Republicans, the administration has encountered considerable difficulty in organizing any opposition, particularly because one of the principal co-sponsors of the bill is Sen. John Stennis, D-Miss., chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee.

At a point, according to Republican sources, the administration is lined up only three Republicans—Senators Barry Goldwater, Arizona, Roman L. Hruska of Nebraska and Peter H. Dinkins of Colorado—and one Democrat, Sen. Gale W. McGee of Wyoming, speak against the bill.

All votes have been put off until next week, largely to accommodate Sen. Goldwater, who is in California to attend his son's marriage today.

GM to Pay U.S. Fine for Pop-Out Opel Windshields
WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI)—General Motors has agreed to pay a \$90,000 fine for violating federal auto-safety standards on its German-made Opel cars.

The Transportation Department charged GM had produced and imported into the United States a large number of Opel cars with faulty windshield crumple zones.

Tests conducted by the Transportation Department showed the windshield in a 1971 Opel Kadett sedan wagon "completely separated" from the car in a 30-mile-per-hour crash into a barrier.

Under government standards, at least 75 percent of the windshield must remain intact after a 30-mile-per-hour crash.

The government said GM staged its own test after the government report was issued and recalled 100,000 of the compact cars.

For failing to comply with the federal standard, GM "has agreed to pay \$90,000 in compromise of civil penalty claim," the Transportation Department said.

Nixon Signs Bill Funding Radios
WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI)—President Nixon today signed a bill authorizing continued federal funding for radio and television stations.

The President last year ordered a halt to CIA funding of radio stations, both located in Munich and proposed continued funding through the State Department for two more years.

Authorization of \$36 million for the current fiscal year was held up in Senate-House disagreement over funding for the remainder of the year ending June 30, Senate and House conferees promised to consider a further extension.

plan and barred an official committee reporter from a meeting on Tuesday between Mr. Kissinger and 11 members of the committee at Taylor House on Lafayette Square near the White House.

The committee chairman, Sen. J. William Fulbright, D-Ark., acknowledged yesterday that the committee members met with Mr. Kissinger for about 90 minutes Tuesday in a "sound-social" setting.

Mr. Kissinger "is a very able advocate of the administration's policies and presents them extremely well," Sen. Fulbright said. However, the Foreign Relations Committee chairman said, he cannot regard such a form of informal discussion as "an adequate substitute for the traditional function of the committee in its relations with the executive branch."

On Tuesday morning, Mr. Kissinger held a similar informal briefing at the same location with members of the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

Transfer of Responsibility
Sen. Fulbright told the Senate Tuesday that what has taken place in the Nixon administration is "the transfer... of responsibility for foreign policy from the Department of State to the National Security Council, under the leadership of Dr. Kissinger."

The senator put into the Congressional Record an exchange of correspondence with the White House on the dispute over questioning Mr. Kissinger.

It showed that on Feb. 10, Sen. Fulbright wrote a "Dear Henry" letter to Mr. Kissinger urging him "to reconsider your earlier reluctance to appear before the Committee on Foreign Relations."

In view of "the wide public exposure you have received as a result of your recent press and television briefings,"

A reply, dated Feb. 28, came not from Mr. Kissinger, but from John W. Dean, Counsel to the President.

Mr. Dean wrote that, "because of Dr. Kissinger's position as a member of the President's immediate staff, he will be unable to accept your gracious invitation to appear" before the Senate committee.

"However," Mr. Dean said, "we share your belief that the executive and legislative branches should exchange views on foreign policy, and we are confident that such exchanges can be carried out to the fullest extent by the constituted officers of the executive branch."

What followed was the informal meeting Tuesday but with the White House drawing the line at any transcript to "preserve its claim that Mr. Kissinger is exempt from official questioning."

High Food Prices Still Issue Though Meat Cost Declines
WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI)—A downturn in skyrocketing meat prices was reported today as the administration sought to deflate high food prices as the agricultural issue.

The Agriculture Department reported that live beef cattle and hog prices in the month ending March 15 fell for the first time since last summer. Average prices for all farm products also dropped after a five-month continuing increase.

Only a day after Treasury Secretary John B. Connally predicted, following a meeting with supermarket representatives, that beef and pork prices would come down soon, the government also reported wholesale beef prices were down about 5 cents a pound.

The Agriculture Department reports, which put wholesale beef prices near last August's price-freeze level, came on a day that saw these related developments:

● House Democratic leaders outlined a legislative program that they said would overcome Nixon administration "failure" to fight inflation.

● The White House quickly rejected the Democratic leaders' call for a new wage-price freeze, insisting it would meet its goal of halving the inflation rate by the end of this year.

● Sen. Gale McGee, D-Wyo., accused the Nixon and Johnson administrations of ignoring a 1968 report aimed at reducing food prices. A member of the commission that drafted the study for the White House, he said both President Nixon and President Johnson "swept the recommendations under the rug" because the report blamed meat packers and chain stores for high food prices.

● One of the country's major food chains, Grand Union, announced a 30-day freeze on prices of fresh meat and poultry.

Economist Critical
Rep. Wilbur Mills, D-Ark., chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, warned that if prices did not start to come down soon he would advocate another freeze. This one, he said, would be expanded to include profits and interest as well as wages and prices.

And, testifying at Price Com-



Rev. Philip Berrigan, handcuffed, leaving Harrisburg Prison yesterday for trial.

Witness in Angela Davis Trial

Hostage in Shootout Admits She Altered Her Testimony

By Bob Williams

SAN JOSE, Calif., March 30 (UPI)—A 50-year-old housewife who was one of the jurors taken hostage during the Marin County shootout in August 1970, said she might have been influenced by the prosecutor to change her testimony about the incident.

Mrs. Maria Elena Graham of Terra Linda, Calif., was the first prosecution witness to testify in the Angela Davis trial. The 23-year-old black activist is charged with murder, kidnapping and conspiracy for allegedly planning the escape and supplying the guns and ammunition used by Jonathan Jackson and three San Quentin inmates.

Mrs. Graham testified yesterday that after Jackson rose in the Marin County courtroom he pointed what looked like a machine gun and said, "This is it, everybody freeze."

Moments later, she said, James McClain, one of the San Quentin inmates on trial for assisting a prison guard, told Judge Harold Haley to call the sheriff and tell him to keep the police back so they could escape. McClain took the telephone from the judge, she testified, and said, "They wanted the Soledad Brothers freed or they would kill the judge."

After she, two other women jurors, assistant district attorney Gary Thomas and Judge Haley were marched out of the courtroom, she said, she heard Jackson say, several times, "We want our Soledad Brothers freed. We are the new liberation."

In San Quentin
The state, in its opening statement Monday, contended that Miss Davis planned the escape to free George Jackson, a Soledad Brother who was in nearby San Quentin Prison.

Under cross-examination by defense counsel Howard Moore, Mrs. Graham admitted that she had not used the phrase "Soledad Brother" when investigators for the prosecution interviewed her immediately after the shootout and on April 15, 1971. She also admitted that she had not mentioned the statement that she said she heard McClain make after he took the telephone away from Judge Haley.

Asked why she had not related either incident to the investigators, she said, "I wanted so hard to forget the whole thing that it is difficult to remember."

Asked if she had been coached by prosecutor Albert Harris to relate the incidents, she said, "No one told me what to say."

Then under cross-examination by Mr. Moore, she said, "So, do you want me to admit I was influenced by Mr. Harris?"

Mr. Moore said, "That is correct, isn't it?" She said, "Yes."

Mr. Harris influenced you to recall a matter you previously had not?" Mr. Moore asked. She said, "I suppose so."

"In a left-handed manner you are agreeing with me?" Mr. Moore asked, and she replied, "Yes."

The trial is in its fourth week. Both sides presented opening statements earlier this week.

Admits Buying Guns
SAN JOSE, Calif., March 30 (UPI)—Miss Davis, in an emotional declaration of her innocence, admitted yesterday that she had purchased some guns but vigorously denied the charges that she conspired to extort George Jackson's release from prison.

"You may be sure," Miss Davis said, "that at no time will you hear evidence that a gun was bought by me for any criminal intent or purpose." She had bought the guns, Miss Davis added, because she had been under threat of death from extremists for several years.

"I needed some kind of protection if I was to live out my years," Miss Davis said. "You will understand," she said at another point, "that for a black person who grew up in the South... guns were a normal fact of life."

She further acknowledged that she had a deep love for Jackson but dismissed as "utterly fantastic" the absurd prosecution contention that such passion drove her to join in the alleged conspiracy.

Surprise Move
Miss Davis's remarks were delivered as she rose in the tiny courtroom here yesterday morning to deliver the opening statement in her own defense. In a move that came as a surprise, she talked for nearly two hours, often with great emotion, and promised the jury of eight women and four men that once they heard all of the evidence in the case, she was confident their verdict would be not guilty.

Douglas Assailed as Liar

Berrigan 7 Conspiracy Case Sent to Jury in Harrisburg

By Betty Medsger

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 30 (UPI)—Former Attorney General Ramsey Clark, in a final attack yesterday at Boyd P. Douglas Jr., the government's chief witness against seven anti-war activists, told the jury that Douglas has "lied to you more times than you and I will ever know."

Then Mr. Clark said to the nine women and three men: "If you believe him you will go to your last day wondering if you are the last of a long, long line of people he has taken in."

Later the government and the defense completed final arguments, and today the case went to the jury.

Judge R. Dixon Herman turned the trial over to the jury after telling it that the bomb-kidnap conspiracy case "is not a political trial or a trial against the war in Vietnam."

The jury retired following the judge's 2 1/4-hour charge and a one-hour bench conference in which defense counsel tried to get the judge to give additional instructions to the jury.

Mr. Clark was the last of five defense attorneys to give summations in the case. The chief prosecutor, William S. Lynch, in rebuttal, asserted that Douglas's testimony and letters he delivered on behalf of two defendants, the Rev. Philip Berrigan and Sister Elizabeth McAlister, were adequate proof of a conspiracy.

Father Berrigan, Sister Elizabeth and five others are charged with conspiracy to kidnap presidential adviser Henry A. Kissinger, to bomb tunnels under federal buildings in Washington and to raid draft offices.

Douglas, who was described by an FBI agent in a Sept. 1, 1970, memorandum to FBI director J. Edgar Hoover as an "accomplished confidence man," was an inmate that year at Lewisburg, Pa., federal penitentiary, where Father Berrigan was imprisoned for destroying draft records.

Defense attorneys argued that the letters exchanged by the priest and nun did not show an agreement to commit any criminal act and that Douglas's testimony was not believable.

"These are the letters of two people who cared, and care, very much for each other," Mr. Clark said. He added that Father Berrigan's discussion in the letters of actions to protest the Vietnam war were couched in tentative terms.

Sister Elizabeth, he said, was trying to bolster Father Berrigan's spirit, trying to impart "strength" to someone beginning a six-year prison term.

"And how could he lead any plot from prison?" Mr. Clark asked. "He could not conspire. He could suffer through Cambodia and Kent State. He could be tortured and wonder what would happen if the peace movement came in."

Control Denied
As for whether the priest controlled the many people who raised draft boards in 1970, Mr. Clark said the priest could not have exerted such control if he were outside prison, let alone inside.

But the chief prosecutor, Mr. Lynch, said that not only "seven Father Berrigan" but all seven defendants were the "gurus" of the Catholics left. At another point he referred to them as "an impressively experienced group of burglars" and portrayed Sister Elizabeth as "not just a vague lady who teaches art at some college."

The government also said that the "intellectual" defendants had "used" Douglas to serve their ends.

Ellsberg Friend Who Balked Probe Gets Prison Sentence
By Tim O'Brien

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 30 (UPI)—Samuel L. Popkin, an assistant professor at Harvard, was sentenced yesterday to up to 18 months in prison for refusing to answer nine questions before a Boston grand jury investigating the Pentagon papers case.

U.S. District Judge Arthur Garrity freed Mr. Popkin on bail of \$1,000 pending a ruling on an appeal of the case. The appeal was filed.

Mr. Popkin, 29, an assistant professor of studies of government, has been a friend and associate of Daniel Ellsberg, who has admitted having leaked the Pentagon papers to news media last summer.

Mr. Popkin refused Monday to answer questions dealing with "conversations" and "interviews" with persons possessing the multi-volume Vietnam war study prior to June 13, 1971.

Mr. Popkin, who is an expert on Vietnam village politics, contends that by answering questions about his sources of information he would jeopardize those sources for future research and violate the confidential relationship between a scholar and his sources of information.

Judge Garrity said that his leniency in releasing Mr. Popkin resulted from his finding that "this is not a flagrant contempt of a grand jury requiring the full sanction of the court. If this were an obdurate defiance of the grand jury that would be another story."

Judge Garrity said that he based his decision on Mr. Popkin's refusal to answer questions during six hours before the grand jury.



Leslie Bacon

Anti-War Girl Indicted by U.S. On Perjury Count

SEATTLE, March 30 (AP)—A federal grand jury here has indicted anti-war activist Leslie Bacon on perjury charges for allegedly lying to a grand jury last year when she denied being inside the U.S. Capitol in Washington, D.C., hours before a bomb exploded in a men's room.

The secret indictment was issued by the grand jury here last Friday. It was made public yesterday by U.S. Attorney Stan Pitkin when a summons for Miss Bacon to appear here May 5 was served on her attorneys.

Miss Bacon, then 19, was arrested by the FBI in Washington, D.C., as a material witness to the March 1, 1971, explosion in the Senate wing of the Capitol Building. She was taken into custody on April 27 and ordered transferred to Seattle for a grand jury investigation.

She testified three days before the jury and publicly denied she knew anything about the Capitol bombing plot. She and her attorneys called the investigation a government attempt to stifle anti-war sentiment.

Finch to Leave Nixon Cabinet
SACRAMENTO, Calif., March 30 (AP)—Presidential counselor Robert Finch said yesterday that he would leave the Nixon cabinet after the November elections to consider a political future in California.

"I've already discussed this with the President," the former California lieutenant governor said.

He said that he would teach a political science seminar starting next February at Occidental College near Pasadena and a graduate seminar at the University of Southern California.

Mr. Finch, who left California to be Mr. Nixon's first Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, has indicated that he is interested in running for governor or U.S. senator in 1974.

Laird Exhorts Russia to Destroy Germ Weapons

PINE BLUFF, Ark., March 30 (UPI)—Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird announced that the United States has disposed of its germ-warfare stockpiles because they did little to prevent war. He said he hopes the Soviet Union will take steps to do the same.

"We have taken the leadership role, as far as the world is concerned, in the destruction of these weapons," Mr. Laird said Tuesday. "I think there is a desire on the part of most nations, and I hope that will include the Soviet Union, to limit this type of activity."

Mr. Laird indicated there may never have been a valid reason for a biological stockpile, but he said the country's chemical-warfare stockpiles should be preserved, because chemicals work quickly and are a better war deterrent.

Mr. Laird toured the Pine Bluff arsenal, the laboratories where the destruction of the country's entire anti-personnel biological-warfare stockpile was completed last Thursday.

A proposed treaty outlawing biological weapons was approved by the United Nations General Assembly in December and next month will be submitted in Washington, London and Moscow for signature by member nations.

It will come into force when 22 nations have signed.

U.S. Fireworks Plant Explodes; 6 Killed
BRIDGEWATER, Mass., March 30 (AP)—Six persons were killed and 11 were injured here today when a series of explosions followed by fire, ripped through the wooden buildings of a fireworks manufacturing company, authorities said.

Bridgewater Deputy Fire Chief Arthur Joyce said that six bodies were found in the rubble of the buildings of the Interstate Pyrotechnics Corp.

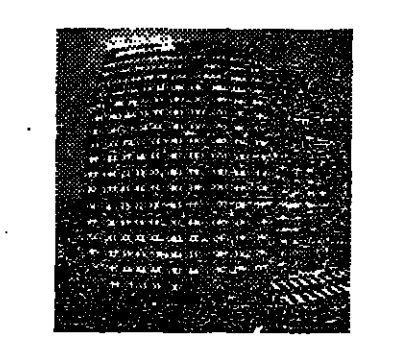
If you want a great whisky, ask for it.



Ask for Canadian Club at your favourite bar or liquor store. This smooth Canadian Whisky is known throughout the world.

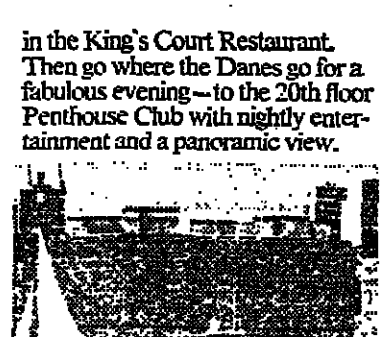
Canadian Club
"The Best In The House" in 87 lands

Make a great trip happen at two Sheraton Hotels in Scandinavia.



Sheraton-Copenhagen Hotel

A magnificent new hotel in the middle of all the modern day excitement and Old World charm of Copenhagen. Only two blocks from the Air Terminal and famous Tivoli Gardens. Work out in the health club and sauna. Toast some friends in the first floor Pub. Savor the finest international and Danish specialties.



Sheraton-Stockholm Hotel

A beautiful modern hotel in the center of a contemporary city flavored with 16th and 17th century charm. Overlooking the Old Town, Lake Malaren and the City Hall.

Dine in the unique Taurus Restaurant. Dance to nightly entertainment. Take time for a sauna. Or use the complete facilities we have for traveling businessmen including room service, valet service, secretarial help, a banking office and airline counters.

Bring your wife along. And you can both enjoy Scandinavia before the crowds come.

For reservations at the Sheraton-Copenhagen, the Sheraton-Stockholm or any Sheraton in the world call. Or have your travel agent call for you.

In the United Kingdom, ask operator for Freefone 2067. In Frankfurt, call 29 22 15. In Paris, call 225 42 63. In Brussels, call 12 30 78.

Sheraton in Scandinavia
SHERATON HOTELS AND MOTOR INNS, A WORLDWIDE SERVICE OF IZT

estoril



SUN AND FUN THE WHOLE YEAR ROUND!
This fabulous holiday spot has everything—pure air, magnificent beaches, superb hotels, typical restaurants, all sports, beautiful gardens & swimming pools with fabulous views, water slides and not to mention, algarve plus year-round sunshine!
LET US TELL YOU MORE. JUNTA DE TURISMO, ESTORIL, PORTUGAL.

Official of Fast Conglomerate

Lord Rank Dies in Britain; Built Movie, Theater Empire

LONDON, March 30 (NYT).—Lord Rank, 83, founder of the Rank Organization, which financed many of the best-known British film productions and operated an extensive chain of theaters in which to show them, died yesterday in a hospital in Winchester.

Active in many fields, J. Arthur Rank built an economic empire and a fortune estimated as high as \$250 million.

He owned or controlled companies making cameras, radios, television sets, lenses, projection equipment, theater seats and cosmetics. He was also associated with enterprises ranging from milling and insurance to milk bars, publishing companies and newspapers. He was a director

of about 100 companies and chairman of the board of 25.

He was born on Dec. 23, 1888, in Hull, Yorkshire. His father, a deeply religious Methodist, had transformed the inheritance of a Yorkshire grain mill into a large flour industry.

At 17 the youth left school and went into his father's business as a junior clerk. During World War I, he was a sergeant in a field ambulance unit in France, then rose to artillery captain. After the war he managed some of his father's mills and taught a Sunday school.

In 1935 he helped finance the production of "The Turn of the Tide," a documentary about Yorkshire fishing villages. Although it won a prize at the Venice film festival, there was not much interest in exhibiting the film. Mr. Rank soon bought a theater in London in which to show it.

The British film industry was then in a chaotic state, unable to meet the competition of Hollywood, which was accounting for most of Britain's screen fare.

With C. M. Woolf, a theater-chain operator, Mr. Rank acquired several small theater circuits and began production on a small scale. By the 1940s his companies were reportedly doing nearly \$200 million business annually.

His movies featured British stars and were preceded by the trademark of a bronzed man slowly hitting a huge gong with a long hammer.

As the years went by and movies gave way to television, he diversified his operations; some



J. Arthur Rank

movie houses became halls, bingo parlors or bowling alleys.

In 1952 he merged with Horis & McDougall, a manufacturer of bread and flour, to form Rank-Hovis-McDougall, a conglomerate chiefly in the food and entertainment fields.

Lord Rank was created a baron in 1957. He retired five years later as chairman of the conglomerate and became president.

Wrong Way Corrigan's Son Is Dead in Crash

LOS ANGELES, March 30 (AP).—The body of William Roy Corrigan, 22, son of transatlantic pilot Douglas (Wrong Way) Corrigan, was found in the wreckage of a small plane on Catalina Island yesterday, authorities reported. Wreckage of the Cessna-150, missing since March 21, was discovered by two young hikers.

The body of a passenger, Roger Powell, 26, also was found. Young Corrigan had 300 hours of flight experience.

The elder Corrigan, now 66, gained fame in 1938 when he flew a J-6 Curtiss Robin to Ireland after he was refused permission to do so by federal authorities. On landing in Ireland, he explained nonchalantly that his compass "must have jammed" and caused him "to fly the wrong way."

Obituaries

Gabriel Heatter, 82, of Radio: 'There's Good News Tonight'

MIAMI, March 30 (UPI).—Newscaster Gabriel Heatter, 82, whose trademark phrase, "There's good news tonight," was known to millions of Americans, died today at the Miami Heart Institute.

He retired from his radio network news show in 1965 and moved to Miami Beach, where he conducted a local television show for a few years. In addition to his regular news program, he had also been the host for radio's "We the People" program.

Much of Mr. Heatter's reputation derived from his coverage of the 1938 execution of Bruno Hauptmann, kidnapper of the Charles A. Lindbergh baby. "I'd covered his trial for seven weeks, then the night of the execution came," he recalled. "I was on the air for one hour and one minute without interruption and without any notes. I just talked on."

Recalling his 35 years with the Mutual Broadcasting System, he once said proudly, "I never had a lawsuit."

Hal Roach Jr.

SANTA MONICA, Calif., March 30 (AP).—Hal Roach Jr., 53, former president of Hal Roach Studios and former chairman of the Mutual Broadcasting Co., died yesterday in a hospital here. His father founded in 1919 and which the younger Roach took over in 1955, were sold in 1968 after a series of business setbacks.

The younger Roach filed for bankruptcy in 1962.

His father said in 1960, "What happened was that my son lost \$6.5 million in four months." The younger Roach produced such television series as "My Little Margie," "Fireside Theater," "Life of Riley," "Blondie," "Topper," "Duffy's Tavern" and "Amos 'n' Andy."

As chairman of Mutual, Mr.

Roach was fined \$500 in 1960 after pleading no contest in a charge of having violated the Foreign Agents Registration Act. He and two other Mutual officials were charged in an indictment with accepting \$750,000 to feed into the network propaganda favorable to the Dominican Republic.

In laying the fine, Judge Joseph R. Jackson told Mr. Roach he had been the victim of Alexander L. Guterman, who received the money as president of Mutual.

Francis B. Sayre sr.

WASHINGTON, March 30 (AP).—Francis B. Sayre sr., diplomat, son-in-law of President Woodrow Wilson and father of the dean of the Washington Cathedral, died yesterday at the age of 86.

After five years as an assistant professor of law at Harvard, Mr. Sayre was named adviser to the King of Siam and, in 1925, U.S. ambassador there.

In 1933, while serving as director of the Harvard Institute of Criminal Law, Mr. Sayre was named an assistant secretary of state by President Franklin D. Roosevelt. He continued in the post until 1939, when he was appointed high commissioner of the Philippines. In 1942, he was evacuated from the Philippines by submarine.

John K. Starkweather, SCARSDALE, N.Y., March 30 (NYT).—John K. Starkweather, 81, a governor of the New York Stock Exchange from 1940 to 1944 and mayor of Scarsdale from 1942 to 1945, died yesterday in White Plains Hospital.

In 1933 he formed an investment banking firm, Starkweather Co., serving as its president until 1937 and then as senior partner until its dissolution when he retired in 1968.

Marie-Louise Kwiatkowski

Court in Brussels Stiffens Penalty in Attack on Heath

BRUSSELS, March 30 (UPI).—The Brussels Appeals Court yesterday stiffened the sentence of Marie-Louise Kwiatkowski, who doused British Prime Minister Edward Heath with ink two months ago.

Miss Kwiatkowski, 31, a German-born psychologist, last month was sentenced by a district court to six months in jail, but half the sentence was suspended. She appealed that verdict.

The Appeals Court confirmed the sentence and repealed the suspension, making it a straight six-month prison term.

Miss Kwiatkowski had been found guilty of damaging private property, because she ruined Mr. Heath's suit, and of forging press accreditation forms to get into Brussels's Egmont Palace, where Mr. Heath was to sign Britain's treaty of accession to the Common Market.

Justifying the stiffer sentence, the Appeals Court president said: "Journalism is an important profession and it is very dishonest to try to abuse it."

Bangladesh Planning to Try 1,000 Pakistanis Late in Year

DACCA, March 30 (NYT).—The Bangladesh government plans to try more than 1,000 Pakistani military prisoners for war crimes and expects to begin the trials by the end of the year, official Bengali sources disclosed yesterday.

Giving details of the trial plans for the first time, the government sources said that the top Pakistani prisoners, Lt. Gen. A.A.K. Niazi and Maj. Gen. Rao Farman Ali Khan, would be among those tried.

Gen. Niazi was the Pakistani military commander in East Pakistan, now independent Bangladesh, and Gen. Farman Ali was his top aide.

They and their approximately 70,000 soldiers surrendered to Indian-Bengali command last Dec. 16 after a two-week war that followed eight months of Bengali guerrilla activity. About 20,000 paramilitary personnel and West Pakistani civilians also surrendered and all are being held in prisoner-of-war camps in India. New Delhi has agreed to turn over any prisoner against whom Bangladesh presents convincing evidence of guilt.

The West Pakistani military crackdown began last March, in an attempt to crush the popularly elected Bengali autonomy movement. According to conservative estimates, the army and its civilian collaborators, during the nine months of occupation, killed at least several hundred thousand Bengalis and possibly a million or more. Atrocities and rape were common.

Pakistan's new President, Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, who is facing mounting public pressure to get the Pakistani soldiers home, has contended that the prisoners are solely an Indian responsibility.

would be reaching the point, no return.

Bangladesh feels that war crimes trials are necessary to assuage the passion for revenge among the Bengalis.

Indian Initiative

NEW DELHI, March 30 (AP).—Indian Foreign Minister S. Singh will leave here tomorrow on an unscheduled trip to Islamabad and Russia, which he serves here interpreted as having a bearing on the resumption of talks with Pakistan.

Mr. Singh has negotiated with Pakistan, sometimes with Bhutto, who was leading a Pakistani delegation when he was Foreign Minister.

EEC-Iceland Talks

BRUSSELS, March 30 (UPI).—Trade talks between Iceland and Common Market countries were deadlocked yesterday after Iceland reaffirmed its determination to extend its fishing zone from 12 to 50 miles after Sept. 1.

The European Economic Community has offered a free trade agreement involving tariff reductions on Icelandic fresh fish exports only on condition the limits extension there is removed.

Thorhallur Asgeirsson, Icelandic chief negotiator, said this extension was "entirely unacceptable" adding that the talks had no progress at all. He said the Reykjavik government is recently endorsed its decision to limit.

Cobra Bite Kills German

PASSAU, W. Germany, March 30 (AP).—A 46-year-old man died from a cobra bite after a serum, apparently old, failed to counteract the poison, police reported. Police at Alois Schwaiblmair died Tuesday after a German military helicopter taking him to Frankfurt for emergency treatment.

la chrysothèque



PARIS
370 rue St-Honoré
SAINT-HONORE LYON
ATHENS
NEW YORK

SALE OF HAUTE COUTURE
MODELS WITH LABELS
Always from the latest collections
Tax free. Fast alterations.
132 Rue La Boétie (de)
nr. Ch.-Elyse, ELY 44-47
4th floor on the left
(Open every day, except Sundays)

EDUCATION DIRECTORY

FRANCE

AMERICAN COLLEGE IN PARIS

The First Independent College for Americans in Europe (Founded 1961)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

The American College in Paris is pleased to announce for September, 1972, the introduction of a program offering the first two years of a standard American Business Administration preparation.

For information contact:
REGISTRAR, 31 Ave. Boquet, Paris-7e. Tel. 531-21-67.

WANT TO SPEAK FRENCH?

You can do it in 4 or 8 weeks on the FRENCH RIVIERA. TRUE SPEECH FLUENCY achieved by complete all-day immersion in all-French-speaking environment with specially trained teachers using the proven Institut de Français audio-visual methods and techniques. Course includes intensive class work, LANGUAGE LAB, discussion, lunch, situation sessions, film/debates, practice sessions, excursion. LODGING and MEALS included in tuition. Next 4 or 8-week course starts April 4, May 2, and all year. For beginners, intermediate or advanced, and all ages.

Apply: INSTITUT DE FRANÇAIS-C. 31
Rue de la Malmaison, 06-Villefranche-sur-Mer. Tel. (93) 80.70.85

ENJOY LEARNING FRENCH

Small classes. Intensive and part-time throughout the year. Complete beginners specially welcome. Labs. Language practice through the theater. Daily cultural club activities. New classes at all levels start April 10.

INTERNATIONAL HOUSE

Passage Dauphine, PARIS-6e - Métro ODEON - 373-41-37.

ALLIANCE FRANÇAISE

10, Boulevard Raspail, Paris (6e).

The oldest & most modern French school for foreigners. Practical school of French language - Lectures - Language laboratory - Private lessons - Cinema - Phonetic laboratory. YOU MAY ENROLL AT ANY TIME! Preparation for Diploma of Commercial Interpreter in French. BAR - RESTAURANT - ROOMS.

SWITZERLAND

A SUMMER PROGRAM FOR CHILDREN OF MANY NATIONS

LE CHATEAU DES ENFANTS

Two sessions: July 1 to July 29 - July 30 to August 29. A month of valuable learning experience offers instruction in French, swimming, tennis, riding, painting, pottery, lessons in English available. Excursions. Careful supervision by trained, dedicated French and American staff. Campus near Lugano. Sponsored by The American School in Switzerland.
M. Crist Fleming, Director
Writer: Le Château des Enfants, The American School in Switzerland, CH 6928 Montagnola-Lugano, Switzerland. Tel. Lugano 2 89 04.

International Summer Camp MONTANA

Europe's top sports camp for boys and girls 8-17 years—riding stables, swimming pool, tennis, ice skating, summer skiing, alpinism, excursions, language courses, etc. Accredited member of ACA. For color brochure please write to:
Rudy and Erica Studer, Directors, CH-3962 Montana, Switzerland.

TASIS

The American School in Switzerland
Lugano
M. CRIST FLEMING
Director



GRADES 7 thru 12

Meets highest American academic standards. Excellent small classes. Strong college preparation. College testing and guidance. AP courses. Outstanding, experienced faculty. Course correlated research trips. Skiing, sports, diversified activities. Boarding and day. American 7th and 8th grade program. Applications invited from Europeans ages 12 to 17 for American college preparation.

Writer: Director of Admissions-TASIS
6926 Montagnola-Lugano
Tel: Lugano 2 89 04



FRANKLIN COLLEGE LUGANO

A small, independent Two-Year Liberal Arts College, offering personalized education by experienced, international faculty. A.A. degree program. Chartered in Delaware and operating as non-profit Swiss Foundation. Member of the American Association of Junior Colleges. Curriculum encompasses Study of Civilizations, Social Sciences, Art, Music, Film, Literature, Drama Workshop, Languages and Crafts. Field Research travel in small groups closely integrated with curriculum. Affiliated Institute for European Studies is a one-year special program emphasizing Contemporary Europe. Write or call: Director of Admissions, Franklin College, 6802 Lugano, Switzerland. Tel. CH 041.51.20

LA CHATELAIN SWITZERLAND

First-class Boarding School for girls aged 14-20. FRENCH and modern languages. International enrollment representing 20 foreign countries. Pleasant small life. Preparation (1-11 CEES) for leading colleges and Universities. Small classes. Excellent staff. Summer and winter sports. Academic Year: 20 September, 1972-23 June 1973. Summer Session: July-August. Write or call: LA CHATELAIN, CH 2072 St-Blaise, Neuchâtel (French Switzerland).

FRANCE

DENMARK

PRAESTEGAARDEN FOTOSKOLE

A unique setting for study in the photographic arts. Summer and winter programs in Cinema and still photography for beginners and advanced students. Currently accepting students for the Summer and Fall semesters. Write: PRAESTEGAARDEN FS, Kilm Strand 800, Tjerslev, Denmark.

DENMARK SWITZERLAND

INTERNATIONAL Ranger Camps

SWITZERLAND & DENMARK
Very special camps in very special corners of the world. CO-ED 8-15 JULY/AUGUST 24th Session. Summer sports, sight-seeing, Languages. Accredited, American Camping Association. First Class References. FOLDER: CH-1524 Leyna, Switzerland.

SWITZERLAND

INTERNATIONAL SUMMER CAMP

PULY & VILLARS - Switzerland

15th Session: July 2-Sept. 2

Best reputed, co-ed 7-14, with Lakeside and Mountain facilities. All sports activities, language courses. All-incl. rates for group travel. Best references. Information: Dr. O. Zimmermann, 7 Dynamstrasse, CH-5400 Baden, Switzerland. Phone: 056-2-32.69. Cable: Summercamp Badensuisse.

LUXEMBOURG

AMERICAN EDUCATION IN LUXEMBOURG

AMERICAN COLLEGE AMERICAN HIGH SCHOOL
AS and AA degrees; Grades 9 through 12;
College preparatory; Top-quality staff;
University level staff. Supervised boarding.
Low student-staff ratio. Telephone: 68594. Write for bulletins:
32 Av. des Bains, Mondorf-les-Bains, LUXEMBOURG.

AUSTRIA

STUDY GERMAN IN AUSTRIA

University of Vienna
German Language Courses for foreigners from July 10th to September 2nd, 1972, for beginners, advanced and very advanced students. No proof of previous study required. Excursions and group activities. Fees for 4 weeks \$400. Inclusive charge for language course and room with breakfast for 4 weeks \$114. Government-subsidized program from Vienna Internationale Hochschule.
A-1010 Wien, Universität.

SPAIN

AMERICAN JUNIOR COLLEGE OF BARCELONA

Intensive 2-year bilingual study in Spain. Credits transferable. V.A. approval. For information write: Apartado 12188 or Via Augusta 225, Barcelona, Spain.

BALEARES

INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

on the Mediterranean
ANGLO-AMERICAN EDUCATION
K thru 12th. American College Preparation. British C.E.S. Testing Center. Student-teacher ratio 12:1. Fine Arts and Languages. Boarding facilities. "A" level preparation. E.C.S. Summer Program. S. L. Wise, Director, Cala Sotelo 258, Palma de Mallorca, Spain. Tel.: 33080-324121. Night: 327105. Cable: Colibael.

AMERICAN COMMUNITY SCHOOL

FALSA DE MAJORICA

Small classes, expert teachers, semi-annual instruction yield excellent educational results. Grades 7-12. Intensive university entrance and C.E.S. "A" level preparation. For information write to: S. Amador, P.D. Director, A.C.S., Apartado 65, Falda de Mallorca, Spain.

EXPLORERS CAMP

(Muruga, Alava)

Member American Camping Association

CHILDREN 7 through 13

8th Session - one period (July 1-30) - \$344

Mrs. E. Bagney, Director, P.O.B. 13288, Madrid.

ITALY

SHAWLEY SCHOOLS INTERNATIONAL
Palazzo Corsini, Firenze - Since 1967
A limited number of places for qualified applicants, resident and day. Co-educational U.S. grades 10-12 and P.O. British forms 5 and 6. For the mature teenager. Full academic curriculum. Creative Arts, Cultural, Trips and Projects. Students seeking the new, dual educational environment, new dynamic ideas and spiritual values are invited to apply. SHAWLEY SCHOOLS DI FIRENZE, Borgo Santa Croce 6, FIRENZE. Telephone: 242179.

HOLLAND

INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL BEVERWEED

HOLLAND
Good boarding, grades 8-12. Strong college prep. International milieu, instructive for American children. Small classes, creative electives. Founded 1964 by Society of Friends. Catalogue: HEADMASTER IER, CASTLE BEVERWEED, WERKHOVEN 576, NETHERLANDS. Phone: 0657-341.

EUROPE

SCHILLER COLLEGE

GERMANY - FRANCE - SPAIN - ENGLAND

American Liberal Arts College in Europe
A.A., B.A., M.A. degree programs, excellent faculty-student ratio. U.S. transfer credit. Special programs leading to Bachelor of Fine Arts and Bachelor of Music degrees. Undergraduate campuses in Berlin, Heidelberg, Paris, Madrid, London. Graduate student programs in Heidelberg, Madrid, Paris. Selection of summer sessions for graduate, college and high school students. Continuing Education Program of evening courses. Also approved as institution of higher learning under the Veterans' Readjustment Benefits Act. Write: Director of Admissions, Schiller College, 7121 Kleingartenstrasse, Germany. Tel.: 030-42 5104.

IRELAND

IRISH INTERNATIONAL CAMP

7th Year, at Castleknock College campus, in beautiful rural surroundings, 1 mile from Dublin. 12 tennis courts, swimming pool, stables, gym, playing fields. Coaching in tennis, polo, riding. Special art & language programs. Personal supervision by owner-directors. Family atmosphere; limited enrollment. Boys and girls, 16-18 years. Brochures: TOM FERRISONS, "CROCKHORN", NEWTOWNPARK AVENUE, BLACKROCK, DUBLIN, IRELAND.

GREAT BRITAIN

MARYMOUNT INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

George Rd., Kingston upon Thames, Surrey, KT2 7PE, England. Tel.: 01-942-8126.
Boarding and day School for Girls - Grades Seven to Twelve. American Curriculum - Complete College Preparatory Program. C.E.S. Examinations - Advanced Placement Program. Affiliated with Marymount School, Tarrytown, N.Y., which is accredited by the Middle States Association. Recognized by the Department of Education and Science of G.B. Qualified to administer G.C.E.

TAYMOUTH CASTLE SCHOOL

ABERFELDY, PERTHSHIRE, SCOTLAND

HERRINGSWELL MANOR SCHOOL

BURY ST. EDMONDS, SUFFOLK, ENGLAND

CO-EDUCATIONAL BOARDING - AMERICAN CURRICULUM GRADES 7 THRU 12

U.S.A.

PARENTS

FREE ADVISORY SERVICE

Independent schools, summer study, private camps, religious and personal development, college preparation, evaluation, writing, interests, educational needs. Personalized service. 24-page 51st Annual Educational Register sent without obligation. Write: CPD, Box 204, 254 Charleston Street, Boston, Mass. 02111.

U.S.A.

AUTHORIZED TO ACCEPT NON-IMMIGRANT ALIEN STUDENTS

LEARN COMPUTERS IN THE U.S.A.

IBM PROGRAMMING SYSTEM/360 COURSE \$449

IBM KEY PUNCH

OPERATORS COURSE \$149

WE INVITE COMPARISON

COMMERCIAL PROGRAMMING UNLIMITED

853 BROADWAY (Co. 14th) N.Y., N.Y. YU 2-4000

EDUCATION DIRECTORY

APPEARS EVERY FRIDAY

To place an advertisement contact your nearest Herald Tribune Office or New York Office, 212 West 37th Street, New York, N.Y. 10018. Tel. 212-512-2000.

Total Immersion



Shock treatment by BERLITZ... Fast-Sure
Learn French the "in" way
in Paris or Cannes
just call or write

BERLITZ-OPERA
31, Bd des Italiens - Paris 2e - 742.66.60

BERLITZ-CANNES
54, rue d'Antibes - 06-Cannes - (93) 39.26.86

Same program in Benelux - England - Germany - Italy - Spain



BERLITZ
LANGUAGES

la chrysothèque

Without Compensation

Chilean Party Urges Allende To Confiscate ITT Holdings

By Tom Shaw

WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI)—One of the parties in Chile's ruling coalition has proposed that the government confiscate without compensation ITT's share in the Chilean Telephone Co.

Jaime Gazmuri, secretary of the Popular Action Movement, said in a telephone interview that he made a formal proposal yesterday to President Salvador Allende that ITT's 70-percent share in the telephone company be taken over through a "constitutional reform."

The Popular Action Movement originally suggested a takeover of the ITT share of the telephone company several days ago upon learning of reports by columnist Jack Anderson that ITT had plotted to prevent Mr. Allende from taking office.

Mr. Gazmuri said that Mr. Allende was "very interested" in the proposal. The Popular Action Movement leader said that he was sure his party's position would be supported by all the other parties in the government coalition and that he hoped for a decision by next week.

Support indicated. Informed sources in Washington said that the Popular Action Movement's proposal did seem to have considerable support within the coalition.

Under the proposal Mr. Gazmuri said, the measure confiscating the ITT holdings would have to be approved by the Chilean Congress, which is dominated by opposition parties.

The Chilean government is already running the telephone company and has been negotiating to buy ITT's share. The international conglomerate has asked \$153 million for its share of the company, while the government has estimated that it is worth about \$35 million.

Aside from its share in the telephone company, ITT has a controlling interest in two Sheraton hotels, an electronics plant and an international telex-telegraph

Bonn, Beirut Agree To Resume Relations

BONN, March 30 (UPI)—West Germany announced today that it was resuming diplomatic relations with Lebanon after seven years. The Foreign Ministry said ambassadors would be exchanged as soon as possible.

Lebanon was one of 10 Arab countries that broke formal ties with West Germany in 1965 after it established diplomatic relations with Israel. Five have now resumed relations.

service in Chile. The corporation has estimated the value of all its holdings in Chile at \$170 million. Meanwhile, Mr. Anderson said today that the Central Intelligence Agency wanted to stop Mr. Allende from taking office because it feared that Chile would become a Communist base for stirring up revolution throughout South America.

Liberation Center. He said that secret intelligence reports claimed that Cuban Premier Fidel Castro had turned his embassy in Santiago into "the principal Cuban center for support of Latin American liberation movements."

Mr. Anderson quoted the reports as saying that the Cuban Embassy provided financial and logistical support and guidance to subversive groups operating in other Latin American countries.

"President Allende, through lesser government officials has apparently given his approval for Cuba to maintain contact with these subversive elements in Chile," the purported documents said.

The U.S. government has disavowed any intention of trying to stop Mr. Allende from becoming president.

Mr. Anderson said that, according to the secret CIA documents, the chief of the Cuban Liberation team at the embassy in Chile is Manuel Martinez Galan.

Vietnam Officer. Mr. Galan has the code name Manolo, Mr. Anderson said, and "is a veteran Communist intelligence officer who is reportedly in charge of all clandestine activities in the Santiago embassy."

The columnist said that the Latin American section of Cuba's Special Directorate for Liberation "whose mission is to foment Communist revolution around the world" is headed by a man known as Ariel, otherwise identified as Juan Carretero Ibanez and Ruben Cabrera Marquez.

Mr. Anderson said that Ariel directed Ernesto (Che) Guevara's guerrilla operations in Bolivia. He said that, according to the CIA report, the presence of Manolo and Ariel in Santiago, "are indications of the importance attached to the continued Cuban government interests and active support of the export of the revolution."

Mr. Anderson said that the CIA also reported that, until President Allende allowed the Cuban Embassy into Santiago, Paris was "the principal center concerned with providing various types of support to Latin American liberation movements."



STEP RIGHT UP—The Ringling Bros and Barnum & Bailey Circus has come to New York and the "Greatest Show on Earth" would not be complete without this parade along West 33d St. to Madison Square Garden.

Dun & Bradstreet and a Top Official Named in Housing Scandal Charge

NEW YORK, March 30 (AP)—Dun & Bradstreet, Inc., and one of its vice-presidents were named yesterday in the filing of 11 indictments stemming from a federal grand jury investigation of a \$200 million foreclosure scandal concerning slum housing mortgages insured by the Federal Housing Authority.

The indictments, opened in Brooklyn Federal Court, contained about 500 counts. They named the prestigious credit-rating firm; the Eastern Service Corp., a mortgage-lending firm; eight real estate companies, and 40 individuals, including eight current and former FHA officials.

Others named in the indictments include mortgage bankers, lawyers and realtors.

The sealed indictments were

4 Die in Brazil Blast

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 30 (AP)—Three violent explosions ripped through an oil refinery here yesterday, killing at least four workers and leaving 16 others gravely burned and injured.

ordered opened by U.S. District Court Judge Orrin Judd.

U.S. Attorney Robert Morse said the charges include bribery, conspiracy, and filing of false statements.

Dun & Bradstreet and its vice-president, Arthur Prescott, were named in 24 counts alleging false statements.

Dun & Bradstreet was accused of confirming information in credit claims accompanying mortgage applications while knowing it was "false, inaccurate and incomplete."

Anthony Accetta, the assistant U.S. attorney who led the six-month investigation, said that as a result of the alleged conspiracy, FHA-insured mortgages on an estimated 2,500 homes, mostly in slum areas of Queens and Brooklyn, were foreclosed in 1970-71.

The government attorney said authorities anticipate an equal number of foreclosures during the next two years, bringing to \$200 million the amount of mortgage insurance the FHA would have to pay out to reimburse mortgage holders.

BBC Decrees Reduction in TV Violence

Producers Told Not to Glorify It

LONDON, March 30 (NYT)—The British Broadcasting Corp. yesterday told television producers to cut down on violence in programs and to make sure that when it was presented that it "sharpened and did not blunt the sensitivity of the viewer."

"Violence ought not to be presented in ways which might glorify it or present it as a proper solution to interpersonal conflicts," the publicly owned broadcasting network said in a new code issued to producers. The guidelines are the result of a recent BBC survey into the effects of TV violence.

Specifically, the BBC warned producers about the effect of violence on young viewers. It stressed the importance of not having "goodies" perform actions that might appear cruel, however honorable the intentions. Evidence that children more readily copied the bad actions of good characters than those of bad characters was cited.

Details to Shun

Details of fights and weapons should be avoided, the code said, warning against the use of knives, broken bottles, karate chops in fights and the locking up of prisoners in empty rooms or cellars. It added that "cruelty to children is to be sparingly portrayed."

Generally, violence is not as prevalent in British TV productions as in programs made in the United States. On the other hand, nudity is quite common on late-night television here.

David Attenborough, director of programs, said in the guidelines that news programs present the most difficulty for the reduction of portrayals of violence. Reuters reported. The new code, replacing one written 12 years ago, tells news-program producers to make sure that the purpose in portraying violence is "sufficiently important to outweigh the objections which its use might evoke from some parts of the audience."

French-Israeli Pact

PARIS, March 30 (AP)—France and Israel signed a scientific and technical cooperation agreement yesterday, the French Foreign Office announced in the area of culture, it was agreed that the Comédie-Française would give five performances in Tel Aviv and Jerusalem in 1973 and that Paris would be host to a contemporary art show from Israel.

Cars to Be Banned by Stages Rome to Have Free Transit at Rush Hours

By Paul Hofmann

ROME, March 30 (NYT)—The Rome city government announced today that bus and streetcar fares would be permanently abolished during rush hours beginning April 15.

The municipal government said that it would also soon submit a plan to the city council calling for gradual banning of all private motor traffic from the historic center of Rome.

The two measures, designed to complement each other, aim at relieving the congestion in downtown Rome by luring and forcing private motorists back to the public transit system.

The city government decided

EEC Agency Urged to Fight Rhine Pollution

BRUSSELS, March 30 (UPI)—The European Common Market should set up a Rhine Basin agency to fight increasing pollution of the river which the existing international commission is unable to stop, a report by the executive commission said.

"We are forced to recognize that the international commission lacks the adequate intervention powers to efficiently fight the pollution of the Rhine," said the report drawn up by the commissioner for science and environment, Aldiero Spinelli.

"The commission deems it necessary that a European Rhine Basin agency be set up and that, apart from member countries which desire to join it, Switzerland also be invited to join," the report said.

The report, which was sent to the council of ministers for further action, includes proposals to harmonize national legislation for protection of the environment, a timetable for specific action and development of jointly accepted criteria.

Gunter Quits To Run As an Independent

LONDON, March 30 (UPI)—Ray Gunter, Labor minister in the last Labor party government, today resigned the parliamentary seat he has held for 14 years. He has indicated that he will seek the seat as an independent.

Mr. Gunter, 62, who represented London's South Ward, resigned from the Labor party's parliamentary contingent earlier this year after refusing to join the party vote against the government bill taking Britain into the European Common Market.

yesterday to start the permanent free-ride program on April 15 between 8 and 9:30 a.m. every weekday. Later, a daily afternoon period is to be fixed during which passengers will not have to pay any fares on buses and streetcars.

The announcement that Rome's traffic revolution, heatedly discussed for several months, is to start in little more than two weeks came at a time when traffic jams, exhaust pollution and noise here seem worse than ever.

Easter shopping trips to the business center by Romans living on the capital's outskirts, a strike of many service-station attendants forcing motorists to make long detours and the seasonal influx of large tourist buses and motorized visitors from the Italian provinces and abroad have all conspired to increase this city's traffic chaos.

The proposed no-fare program was preceded by a test from last Dec. 30 to Jan. 7 during which all bus and streetcar fares, averaging 8 cents a ride, were suspended. The nine-day experiment resulted in an increase in passengers of the municipal transit system by almost 50 percent while it lasted. Critics of the no-fare plan point out that the new passengers during the nine-day test included many joyriding youngsters.

The traffic commissioner, Luigi Pallottini, a Socialist, told the city government yesterday that he would make recommendations to the municipal council regarding car owners living in downtown Rome. Apparently, such inner-city residents—an estimated 200,000 out of a population of nearly 3 million for all of Rome—will be allowed to park their cars in some streets and squares.

All Others Banned

All other private vehicles are to be banned, by stages, from the two-square-mile area of downtown Rome between the Colosseum and the Piazza del Popolo, the Via Veneto and the Tiber.

The city promises to buy new buses and make sure that public transit to and across the central districts is quick, punctual and at short intervals. Central Rome lacks a subway system. The first line of a proposed network, crossing the city from southeast to northwest, is now being built and will not function before 1975.

The new traffic commissioner

announced also the creation of large parking lots on the outskirts. Under a park-and-ride system, motorists will be able to leave their cars in the outlying lots and travel to the center without having to pay fares on streetcars and buses at any time if they can show a parking receipt.

The city council has yet to decide how the projected traffic revolution is to be financed.

Russians Want East Germans in UN Conference

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., March 30 (AP)—Soviet Ambassador Jacob A. Malik announced here today that the Soviet Union would boycott the UN conference on the Human Environment in Stockholm June 5-16 unless the exclusion of East Germany is reversed.

At a news conference, Mr. Malik charged that the "Western troika"—Britain, France and the United States—had "imposed" on the last General Assembly a decision that barred East Germany by limiting invitations to members of the United Nations and specialized agencies. He said the western countries "are trying to stress the supposedly unequal legal position of the Federal Republic of Germany and the German Democratic Republic."

"But there is absolutely no ground, legal or otherwise, for that," he added. He said East Germany was fully sovereign and equal with West Germany and therefore entitled to participate in the conference on the same basis.

The assembly's formula involves an invitation to West Germany, which belongs to all the specialized agencies, but not to East Germany, which belongs to none of them. Neither Germany is a UN member.

An airline should be big enough to have 747's

...and small enough to pamper you.

Most airlines come in two sizes. Big and impersonal. Or small and provincial.

The exception is TAP, the Intercontinental Airline of Portugal. It's the airline that doesn't fit into any of the stereotypes, so it can give you the best of both worlds.

Technologically, TAP offers all the big-airline advantages. The spacious new 747-B jets with over 15.5 billion passenger miles of experience behind them, as well as thousands of technical improvements over the earlier

models. In honor of Portugal's great tradition of travel and discovery, we call our planes, 747-B Navigator Jets.

Our schedule's not a bit provincial either. As of April 1, we'll begin 747-B Navigator Jet service between New York and Lisbon and Luanda. In all, we'll help you discover four continents, fifteen countries and 34 cities.

But when it comes to service, all similarity to the big impersonal airlines ends. On TAP you get the kind of personal attention that's possible only on an airline of our size.

We handpick our personnel for their courtesy, competence and pride in Portuguese hospitality. They appreciate your flying TAP, because we're still not big enough to take your business for granted.

So next time you're flying to Europe, Africa, North America or South America, try the airline that's just your size, TAP, the Intercontinental Airline of Portugal.

TAP
THE INTERCONTINENTAL
AIRLINE OF PORTUGAL



We're as big as an airline should be.

Farmers and the Assembly Line

It is a curious fact that when Phase 2 of Mr. Nixon's economic plan was launched, everyone tiptoed around the question of food prices. It seemed to be assumed that if the worker on the assembly line would exercise restraint, and the management of the line would do the same with his prices, all would be well. Then the prices of food, especially of beef and pork, began to escalate, and the public suddenly realized that something more fundamental than industrial wages or prices was involved.

Of course, at decision-making levels, food, and those who produce, process and sell it, were not ignored. The farmer, for all the technological changes which have affected his occupation, still has a very important impact upon economics and politics. He has been a key figure in the arguments afflicting the Common Market, both among the original Six and the prospective additional four. In the United States, falling farm incomes during a time of general inflation had disturbed the administration, and there was an obvious tendency to regard the initial increases in farm product prices with complacency. But as the prices passed through their inevitable multiplication by processing and distributing costs, with mark-ups all along the line, the consumer was hit hard.

There are a number of reasons why the control of food prices is difficult. For one thing, although most food supplies come from the kulaks of modern agriculture—the vast farms, grazing lands and orchards of the farmer as big businessman—the tradition of the family farm and its values dies

hard. To affront that tradition, however watered down by subsidies and transformed by technology, is politically dangerous and offensive to many, in Europe as well as in the United States.

Moreover, there are practical differences in the way. Food supplies can be diverted to a black market more readily than manufactured goods. Farmers can control the acreages they plant, the animals they feed, the fruit they pick, more readily than manufacturers can determine their own factory output—or at least with less public awareness. And weather conditions and plant and animal health are frequently beyond anyone's control. Glut or scarcity can thus result from a variety of factors not responsive to government regulation.

This, doubtless, explains why the processors and distributors of foodstuffs, rather than the producers, are the initial targets of administration pep-talks, and veiled threats of controls. This may also explain why Secretary of the Treasury Connally was so eloquent in explaining that meat prices had already peaked and were declining because of "normal cyclical fluctuations."

The administration's concern, both about food prices for the consumer, and farm income, is understandable. Low farm income could represent a real political threat. Mounting food prices, on the other hand, would inevitably bring pressure upon wage levels, and then upon the prices of manufactured goods and all manner of services. Phase 2 could thus collapse—not from the reasons assigned by George Meany or Ralph Nader, but from a thrust that is literally from the ground up.



Ulster: Signs of Spring?

It is too early to be optimistic about Northern Ireland but there are encouraging developments in the aftermath of the suspension of the Stormont government. Even William Craig, leader of the extremist Ulster Vanguard, has implored the Protestant majority to confine its actions to boycotts, strikes and civil disobedience, rather than engage in violence.

Mr. Craig's course is still too extreme, however, for the Rev. Ian Paisley, once the symbol of Protestant resistance to concessions for the Catholic minority. In a surprising turnaround, Mr. Paisley now calls Mr. Craig "the voice of folly," and warns Unionists against "a course of absolute catastrophe." However, one great disappointment on the Unionist side is former Prime Minister Faulkner's decision to line up with his old enemy, Mr. Craig, in urging non-cooperation with the new British Minister for Ulster, William Whitelaw.

In nationalist and Catholic ranks, the

biggest letdown is the opposition to Britain's new policy from the Civil Rights Association. If CRA leaders had joined the Social Democratic and Labor party in offering cooperation to Mr. Whitelaw, they could have isolated any Irish Republican Army factions bent on continuing their terrorism. It is evident that if the IRA continues to bomb and terrorize it will risk alienating the areas where it has heretofore found protection and sustenance.

If Mr. Faulkner foolishly follows Mr. Craig's leadership he may find many Unionists defecting to the moderate Alliance party, in which Protestants and Catholics are working together to build a new kind of politics for the province. Ulster remains a long way from Tipperary; but despite the Protestant strike and demonstration and the continuation of sporadic violence there are grounds for hope where none existed even a week ago.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Protecting Diplomats

On the morning after a Soviet diplomat was showered with blood by a young Jewish Defense League militant at a Washington reception recently, Ambassador George Bush went before a congressional committee to plead for legislation making it a federal crime to harass or attack foreign diplomats in this country. Some such action is imperative.

Last October, shots were fired through the window of an apartment at the Soviet Mission in New York, where four children were sleeping. Though no one was injured, the incident sparked an angry uproar in the General Assembly and anguish in Washington. Such acts of violence by impassioned

and irresponsible citizens sully the reputation of the United States, compromise American diplomacy, impede the work of the UN and are totally counter-productive.

The proposed legislation should act both as deterrent and as aid in apprehension. Additional action is needed, however, to extend direct federal protection to UN diplomats; such protection is already provided for foreign missions in Washington. Providing it for delegates to the UN is obviously beyond the capacity of New York's hard-pressed police force; it is a clear and necessary responsibility of the federal government.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The Wallace Phenomenon

The realization is slowly dawning that George Wallace's campaign slogans and speeches deal with matters of deep concern to a broad segment of "Middle America." He articulates a dim but widespread feeling of disorientation and frustration shared by a large group of people who feel themselves threatened, lost and forgotten and who are trying to draw attention to themselves by voting for the Alabama governor in the primaries. Wallace is a primitive demagogue, far better at campaigning than he would be at governing. He is a decidedly poor governor of his state. No one can imagine him in the White House. But he should not be shrugged off as a "terrible simplification."

The Wallace phenomenon is based on a problem-complex which must be taken seriously. At the same time, however, the

frightened people now drawing analogies with Hitler are not doing justice to the situation. In more than just its political institutions, America is a land of forces and counterforces—Wallace himself is a manifestation of this. America's pluralism may be compared to a system of dams which manages to break flash floods sooner or later, usually sooner.

—From the Neue Zürcher Zeitung (Zurich).

Mintoff and NATO

It is just nine months since Dom Mintoff became prime minister of Malta. In that time he has tripled the rent for the island bases. That is not a bad payoff for being persistently loud-mouthed and bloody-minded—even if Britain's NATO allies are footing most of the bill.

—From the Sun (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

March 31, 1897

WASHINGTON—Negotiations are in progress between Secretary Sherman and the British Ambassador, Sir Julian Pauncefote, looking to a change of the regulations for the preservation of the seals during the summer. Secretary Sherman is anxious to obtain the extension of the closed zone to 200 miles and the closed season to include the months of May, June, July and August. The condition of the seals seems to be very serious.

Fifty Years Ago

March 31, 1922

LONDON—The Irish conference concluded at 9.30 tonight after an agreement had been signed by all the parties. The text of the pact, as read by Mr. Winston Churchill, provides that by agreement between the government of Northern Ireland and the Provisional Government of Southern Ireland, peace is today declared. And from today the two governments undertake to cooperate in every way to restore and uphold peaceful conditions.

No Gresham's Law for Ideas

By C. L. Sulzberger

CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—American university students seem more relaxed and tolerant today than two or three years ago, less tense, less hysterical and less given to violent protest against governmental policies with which they disagree or against intellectuals associated with such policies. Both the amount of protest and the novelty of its expression on campuses have lessened and this produces an atmosphere of relative détente.

Such, at any rate, is the impression conveyed by a long talk with Derek Curtis Bok, Harvard University's personable president, a tall, lank man whose youthful manner is not in the least hampered by crutches and a plaster cast encompassing one ankle after a mishap playing basketball. Bok is modest about trying to overdraw conclusions from his own necessarily limited laboratory of observation. Yet the prestige and size of Harvard and its position in the educational establishment give its experience special importance. And Harvard's president finds a decline in the student activism of the late 1960s, primarily concerned with world affairs, a decline in the student Cult Personality and more willingness to listen to opposing ideas.

If coming months confirm this broad impression it could have an effect upon the U.S. image abroad. After all, it was the vigor of student and intellectual leadership that crystallized a new national mood and was reflected by eventual shifts in Washington's foreign policy. "Change has taken place because of a combination of factors," says Bok. "At the height of the Vietnam war there was profound anxiety about that subject and this came to impose a kind of orthodoxy in opinion. Now, to some extent, people have learned from experience that it is dangerous to permit any particular group to establish an orthodoxy of its own. No single group can decide what is orthodox."

"Even Vietnam," he continues, "doesn't explain why student protest took place. After all, they coincided with similar protests by student groups in other countries not involved with Vietnam at all."

In Harvard certainly—and probably in other American universities—there appears to be a less uptight view of people and events. Bok says: "Student opinions seem to be changing. You can now see editorials in their publications drawing a line between disagreement and harassment. There is greater recognition that you should oppose ideas with other ideas, not with personal attacks. It is essential that this distinction be understood because universities should stand for the free exchange of ideas and information. This is central to universities and to their role in the advancement of knowledge."

"I think an upsurge of protest and activism by students in the late 1960s expressed new ideas but these ideas are now more familiar. Some of them have been tested and discarded. Many students perceive that the problems we face are more complex and that sweeping solutions are less workable than once imagined. Perhaps this has produced more apathy and skepticism today, less of a tendency to divide the world into heroes and blackguards, good and bad solutions."

"Furthermore the Cult of Personality has declined substantially. This is evident in the contemporary student's view of President Kennedy. There is still talk of men like Mao and Che Guevara where they symbolize ways of changing society against great odds."

"The idea of overcoming the status quo and reorganizing society is very congenial to students. But I don't think one can say what the effect of all this will be until you see what the present generation of undergraduates will be doing in 10 years time."

Cautious Analysis
The implications of Bok's cautious analysis are important in terms of internal American development and in terms of the external expression. A more gentle, thoughtful, exploratory tendency in the mood of the next generation's intellectual leaders could promote evolutionary development of U.S. views while minimizing the fractures inspired by violent revolutionary discontent.

Harvard's president is convinced that "good ideas, after all, will drive out bad ideas" and that the present crop of undergraduates accepts this thesis. If proven true by time, this would be a welcome and refreshing change. A version of Gresham's Law (Bad money drives out the good) recently prevailed in U.S. campuses where some groups seemed determined that bad ideas should drive out good ideas.

protests took place. After all, they coincided with similar protests by student groups in other countries not involved with Vietnam at all."

In Harvard certainly—and probably in other American universities—there appears to be a less uptight view of people and events. Bok says: "Student opinions seem to be changing. You can now see editorials in their publications drawing a line between disagreement and harassment. There is greater recognition that you should oppose ideas with other ideas, not with personal attacks."

It is essential that this distinction be understood because universities should stand for the free exchange of ideas and information. This is central to universities and to their role in the advancement of knowledge. "I think an upsurge of protest and activism by students in the late 1960s expressed new ideas but these ideas are now more familiar. Some of them have been tested and discarded. Many students perceive that the problems we face are more complex and that sweeping solutions are less workable than once imagined. Perhaps this has produced more apathy and skepticism today, less of a tendency to divide the world into heroes and blackguards, good and bad solutions."

Furthermore the Cult of Personality has declined substantially. This is evident in the contemporary student's view of President Kennedy. There is still talk of men like Mao and Che Guevara where they symbolize ways of changing society against great odds."

The idea of overcoming the status quo and reorganizing society is very congenial to students. But I don't think one can say what the effect of all this will be until you see what the present generation of undergraduates will be doing in 10 years time."

Cautious Analysis
The implications of Bok's cautious analysis are important in terms of internal American development and in terms of the external expression. A more gentle, thoughtful, exploratory tendency in the mood of the next generation's intellectual leaders could promote evolutionary development of U.S. views while minimizing the fractures inspired by violent revolutionary discontent.

Harvard's president is convinced that "good ideas, after all, will drive out bad ideas" and that the present crop of undergraduates accepts this thesis. If proven true by time, this would be a welcome and refreshing change. A version of Gresham's Law (Bad money drives out the good) recently prevailed in U.S. campuses where some groups seemed determined that bad ideas should drive out good ideas.

Harvard's president is convinced that "good ideas, after all, will drive out bad ideas" and that the present crop of undergraduates accepts this thesis. If proven true by time, this would be a welcome and refreshing change. A version of Gresham's Law (Bad money drives out the good) recently prevailed in U.S. campuses where some groups seemed determined that bad ideas should drive out good ideas.

Harvard's president is convinced that "good ideas, after all, will drive out bad ideas" and that the present crop of undergraduates accepts this thesis. If proven true by time, this would be a welcome and refreshing change. A version of Gresham's Law (Bad money drives out the good) recently prevailed in U.S. campuses where some groups seemed determined that bad ideas should drive out good ideas.

Harvard's president is convinced that "good ideas, after all, will drive out bad ideas" and that the present crop of undergraduates accepts this thesis. If proven true by time, this would be a welcome and refreshing change. A version of Gresham's Law (Bad money drives out the good) recently prevailed in U.S. campuses where some groups seemed determined that bad ideas should drive out good ideas.

Harvard's president is convinced that "good ideas, after all, will drive out bad ideas" and that the present crop of undergraduates accepts this thesis. If proven true by time, this would be a welcome and refreshing change. A version of Gresham's Law (Bad money drives out the good) recently prevailed in U.S. campuses where some groups seemed determined that bad ideas should drive out good ideas.

Harvard's president is convinced that "good ideas, after all, will drive out bad ideas" and that the present crop of undergraduates accepts this thesis. If proven true by time, this would be a welcome and refreshing change. A version of Gresham's Law (Bad money drives out the good) recently prevailed in U.S. campuses where some groups seemed determined that bad ideas should drive out good ideas.

Visas and Persona Non Grata

The African Style Of Censoring News

By Jim Hoagland

NATROEL—The infinitive "to PNG" is not found in any dictionary. But it recurs constantly in the thoughts of journalists in this part of the world, for it stands for Africa's most frequently used method of censoring and managing news. To be "PNG'd" is to be declared persona non grata and barred from entering or staying in a country. This happens not infrequently to foreign journalists who have written stories that displease leaders, both in black-ruled tropical Africa and in the white-ruled south.

Direct censorship of news stories sent out of a country is relatively rare in sub-Saharan Africa. In my own experience, only officials in Somalia, the Sudan and Biafra have suppressed material I tried to send. Nigeria practiced censorship during part of its recent civil war, but lifted it before war's end. In Ghana, Sierra Leone and other countries, censorship has been instituted temporarily after coups or other upheavals, but usually dropped quickly.

But Africa's newly independent states are nonetheless highly sensitive about their image in the outside world, and they depend on to a great degree for aid, investment and information. For slightly different reasons, the white-supremacist states of the south are equally prickly.

Since most African countries still require foreign visitors to have visas, it is a simple matter for an offended official to see to it that anyone who disagrees from the official view is refused entry or is expelled from the country.

Calculation
Thus, virtually every story containing criticism of Africa written for major American and European publications is weighted by an unrevealed calculation made by the writer: Is this particular story worth not being able to come back to Johannesburg, or Dakar, or Dar es Salaam?

Sometimes the answer is compellingly yes. The large number of journalists expelled from or refused entry to Nigeria, South Africa, Zaire and other countries in recent years indicates. But more often the case is grey. This results in a lot of grasping by reporters out here for language that will get potentially image-harming news across but upset the government a little less. And writing a story that may result in having your bag packed for you by security policemen clears the mind marvelously. It causes a little more inconsequential but favorable news to be included in a story, for "balance," than might otherwise be the case.

There are also cases in which the system wins, and news goes unreported. One example occurred here in Kenya a few years ago, when then Vice-President Robert O. Nguni was asked at an official dinner by Kenya's venerable and still fiery President Jomo Kenyatta.

As the service began, a waiter accidentally dropped a bowl of soup on Kenyatta, who leaped to his feet and decked the unfortunate man with a single, strong punch, according to others there. In the stunned silence that followed, Kenyan officials rushed up to the only foreign correspondent there and warned him that he would be on the next plane out of the country if the incident was reported. It wasn't.

Kenya—in many ways the most

pleasant and beautiful country in Africa in which to live—is a special situation. A comparatively large number of foreign correspondents have chosen it as a base.

For a time, the meddling foreign press was regularly denounced in Kenya's parliament. At one heated public session, the vice-president, Daniel Arap Moi, asked an American journalist taking notes in the press gallery and shaking his fist, warned the writer that he would be deported if he wrote about the parliamentary debate.

On the other hand, journalists tend to be even more careful in writing about Kenya than they are about other African countries. They have more to lose in being ousted.

Although no reliable scorecards are available, South Africa has probably used refusal of visas to try to manage news more systematically than any other country on this continent. One South African whizbang has been to have not only individual erring correspondents, but also the organizations they work for. Thus, the New York Times, Time magazine and the British Broadcasting Corporation were unable to send any representatives to South Africa for lengthy periods in the last decade. Now they are back in, and correspondents from other organizations—such as Newsweek, The Los Angeles Times and The Washington Post—have replaced them in the bad-guys list.

South African Style
In my own case, I found that the South Africans used a very distinctive style. Realizing that they might not be enthusiastic about some articles I did on a visit in 1970, I applied three months in advance for a visa to cover the visit of Malawi's President Hastings Kamuzu Banda to South Africa last year.

Two months went by without a word. I queried the Department of Interior and was told the request was being considered. Two days before the visit began, I sent off more cables, which went unanswered. Finally, the day after Banda's trip ended, the reply-padded answer arrived. It was a refusal.

Other countries (which, like South Africa, tend to fall at the extreme ends of the African political spectrum) don't even bother to refuse visas. They just answer applications. Guinea is apparently still mulling over my periodically renewed request, first made two years and nine months ago. Congo-Brazzaville apparently feels that probing by American or British journalists is sufficiently dangerous to that state to justify completely banning them, as a class, except to allow them to transit at the airport. (Not that getting a visa is necessarily a guarantee of anything if somebody in a particular government has it in for you. Stanley Meisler of The Los Angeles Times showed up in Zaire in 1970 carrying a visa and a letter of welcome from the Ministry of Information, and was promptly jailed as persona non grata and then deported, without explanation. Newsweek's Andrew Jaffe had a Nigerian visa in his passport, but it went with him to Beirut when Nigerian immigration officials refused him entry and hustled him onto the first plane leaving.)

The Wire Services
Probably the most serious consequence of the government's sensitivity to and retaliation against reporting out of Africa is for the day-to-day dispatches of international news agencies. Reuters, the Associated Press, United Press International and others have the largest number of correspondents on the continent. Since their men can concentrate on one country or on a small group of countries, they often know more than visiting newsmen. But they often are constrained to write less frankly, to avoid what might be considered international impropriety.

There has, of course, been probing and sharp reporting of African events by news agencies' correspondents who were not intimidated by potential repercussions. Howard Whitten of Reuters was expelled from Zaire in 1970 when he wrote that many more soldiers had been killed in disturbances than the government would admit. And two Associated Press reporters, Arnold Zeile and then Mort Rosenblum, pulled out if any punches on the Nigerian civil war while based in Lagos. But such reporting is always a calculated risk for journalists in Africa, one fact that readers are not often told.

From Cairo: A Time to Make Peace?

By Tahseen M. Bashir

The fundamental problem is that of Israel and the Palestinians. For a long time, many Zionists preferred to ignore the Palestinians. They "Arabized" them to the point of extinction. That was a theoretical position, but it was a politically convenient one. By totally "Arabizing" the Palestinians, by denying them their identity as people from Palestine, the Israelis could argue that the refugees should move to some of the vast Arab territories and settle there.

But the Palestinians proved, under Israeli occupation since 1947 and even before, that they are Palestinians who also are Arab and with a distinct Palestinian identity. This is a national identity; it cannot be negated. Coming to terms on the Palestinian problem can open the door to horizons of peace in the Middle East.

An argument always advanced by the Israelis is that of security, a legitimate concern. This is one of the basic principles of the Security Council resolution of 1947, which we accept. But it is equally right for the Arabs to seek security. After all, it is Arab land that has been overrun, annexed and trampled upon in the last 24 years. Security should not be used as an euphemism for conquering additional territory, but for removing the causes that lead to insecurity.

No Real Security
There can be no real security for Israel as long as she denies the legitimate rights of the Palestinians. It must start by renouncing forever the desire to expand. The best of its sincerity would be a decision to withdraw now. This would be the best and

more lasting pre-emptive strike that Israel can launch against the suspicion and fear of her intentions that exist today.

A psychological problem created by Israel since the June war of 1967 is the issue of arrogance used toward the Arabs, the impression that Israel is entitled to the Arabs. Every Israeli statement reveals a distasteful exhibitionism: this town will be retained, that part of the occupied territories will be returned to the Arabs, and so forth.

Israel has adopted a policy of encouraging every Jew—Russian, American, European, Latin-American—to immigrate to Israel. This is called redemption of the people. The Israelis should not do this until they have applied the same "redemption" to the Palestinians.

Tahseen M. Bashir is a spokesman for the Egyptian government. He wrote this article for The New York Times special features section.

Cairo Targets
Then, in 1969, Israel used American aircraft to bomb targets near Cairo, presumably to make us surrender. Even then it was not a good time for Israel to accept reasonable peace. When we sought Soviet aid to strengthen our defense system, Israel used the missiles as an excuse for not reaching peace. I wonder when is the right time for Israel to reach a just peace!

Since 1949 the Zionists have viewed the Israeli-Arab positions as diametrically opposed and mutually exclusive. This theoretical position was politically convenient for the Israelis, for it gave them a pretext not to seek a settlement, nor to reach a compromise.

—Letters—

Washington Winchell?

Cheers for Betty M. Baker of Brussels and her article of Jack Anderson (Letters, EBT, March 28). This gossip columnist with his saturation slander occasionally hits a target. But his purpose is far removed from that of enlightenment of the public or constructive criticism. Decent people have had enough of this Washington Winchell and it is good to know that readers are also protected by the First Amendment.

JULIAN D. ROSENBERG, Paris.

RFE Results

Horrible: "The CIA helped financing Radio Liberty and Radio Free Europe."

Not where the cash comes from, but what one does with it is paramount. In short: Support those who defend human rights.

Or: Is Shakespeare no longer Shakespeare if published by the CIA?

S. D. ABRAMOFF, Rotterdam.

AP/WIDEWORLD

London Films— Tiomkin's 'Tchaikovsky' —Outstanding

By Thomas Quinn Curtis

LONDON, March 30 (IHT).—The Soviet screen biography of Tchaikovsky, which took two years to film and which in its entirety is four hours long, has been reduced to 90 minutes for English-speaking audiences. This digest version, awaiting release in London, has been nominated for the Academy Award as the best foreign-language film of the year and also as the movie with the best score.

In abbreviated form, it is so impressive that one feels more. Perhaps this capsule is just a teaser, an inviting introduction to what appears to be the outstanding Soviet production in some time.

As Ken Russell's "Mao: A Love Story" of last season dealt with the two sides of the Chinese, this film will be compared, though their resemblance is superficial. The Russell account with an Anglo-Saxon company and with sensational accent on the composer's homosexuality and his wife's hysterical tantrums, verged on burlesque. The dramatization from Moscow is a serious work, intelligently perceptive in its psychological analysis and presenting a wide view of Russian civilization at the end of the 19th century. Authors of the screenplay are Vladimir Iosadnikov, Yuri Naghin and Igor Tikhonov.

Tchaikovsky's personal tragedy is traced with Freudian undertones to his separation from his beloved mother in early childhood. A shot of the little boy racing frantically after the carriage taking her away is a constant reference, being inserted into each emotional conflict that buffers him in later years. His vain search for affection, appreciation and understanding finds expression in the yearning of his mighty music.

Depth

The Soviet screenwriters, superior craftsmen and sound artists, even in this capsule version, provide a study of some depth. Tchaikovsky's uneasy friendship with the extroverted virtuoso Rubinstein; his correspondence with his generous benefactress, Baroness Von Meek, whom he never met; his condescending camaraderie with his loyal man-



Dimitri Tiomkin and Innokenti Smoktunovsky, right, shooting "Tchaikovsky" on location in Cambridge.

servant Alyosha; here a Sancho Panza to his autistic master—all are woven into the scenario. Then, of course, there is his marriage to a conservatory student who wrote him beseeching a kiss that she might treasure in her grave, a request which found response in his own loneliness but which resulted in a mating that revealed her as a silly, shallow creature.

The background of artistic life in Russia and Paris during the 1870s and 1880s has been recreated in rich detail. The scene of Rubinstein's funeral in a Montmartre church with his fellow exiles gathered about the coffin is one of many that will linger in memory.

Dimitri Tiomkin arranged the music and conducted the Bolshoi and Leningrad Philharmonic Orchestras in a thrilling score, drawing on the symphonic movements, the piano concertos, the waltzes and including excerpts from "The Nutcracker," "Queen of Spades," "Eugene Onegin" and "Francesca da Rimini." And what good actors these Russians are! One suspects that even the more notorious hams of Hollywood would benefit from

drama courses in Moscow. The Tchaikovsky of Innokenti Smoktunovsky is a compelling characterization, utterly convincing and immensely moving with subtle pathos. Antonina Shuranova as the despondent lady bountiful; Evgeni Leonov as the comic, peasant valet; Vladimir Brachuk as the expansive keyboard master; Rubinstein—these are performances that also should be remembered by the Academy jury.

Due to severe cutting, the condensed version tends to be choppy. This has been remedied by an accompanying commentary recited by Lawrence Harvey, the dialogue remaining in Russian with English subtitles. "Tchaikovsky" is a motion picture of such fascination that one trusts more of it will be restored for its release abroad.

The success of historical dramas on British television has led to their revival on the screen. Last year saw "Anne of a Thousand Days" and "Cromwell." On Monday evening at a royal performance attended by the queen and the queen mother—to aid the Cinema and Television Benevolent Fund—the latest product of this school, "Mary, Queen of Scots," had its premiere at the Odeon Theatre.

It is always reassuring to encounter the signature of Hal E. Wallis on a film and he has, as might be expected, produced "Mary, Queen of Scots" with his customary aplomb. It is handsome to behold as its colored cameras rove the highlands; it is properly paced so that firm attention is retained; and director Charles Jarrold stage-manages the traffic smoothly.

Vanessa Redgrave as the unhappy Mary is more the harassed Victorian heroine than the willful queen of history, emphasizing the vulnerability of the doomed beauty but suggesting little of her forceful personality or her Gallic chic. Glenda Jackson as early Elizabeth is so good that one often wishes the film would turn to a more extended consideration of the English ruler. The supporting cast is a great asset with Nigel Davenport's dashing Bothwell, Trevor Howard's cynical Cecil, Daniel Massey's blundering Dudley and Timothy Dalton as the cowardly wretch, Darnley.

As Schiller took poetic license and introduced a famous scene into his drama "Mary Stuart," in which the rival queens who, in life, never met, John Hall, author of the screen script, has sought to top Schiller by introducing two such meetings. His writing of them—with Mary at one point threatening Elizabeth with her riding crop—is, however, decidedly sub-Schiller and, indeed, below the par of Maxwell Anderson who, in his play on the subject, fancied a like encounter.

The Red Baroness and Other Denizens of Paris Parks

Irving Marder

PARIS (IHT).—The news that the use of the metal chairs in the public squares of Paris will henceforth be free of charge is likely to stir mixed emotions among many residents and visitors. (The removal of the charge does not, as first reported, apply to the local parks, such as the Luxembourg Gardens, the Tuilleries and the Palais-Royal gardens.) The "suppression" of the chaises, as the women who collect the chair fees are known, was ordained by the City Council.

The first sight of one of these Valkyries sprinting along a tree-lined path in the Luxembourg—gray hair flowing in the breeze, her hitched-up skirt exposing knobby old knees, her voice rising to a menacing shriek—is one I shall never forget, and not only because she was chasing me.

As usual the city fathers of Paris, in their well-meaning but muddled way, have got hold of the wrong end of the stick. Obviously they should have removed the chairs—hard and uncomfortable, most of them encrusted with the droppings of generations of pigeons—and retained the chaises, providing them with suitable pensions. For many years these women, often elderly but always indefatigable in pursuit, have provided a diverting element in a capital that is rapidly being drained of color.

They had a spooky habit of appearing out of nowhere, bony hand outstretched, at the instant



Can the chaise be far behind?

you got up to leave after sitting for an hour or so in the sun.

Some of them evidently lurked behind shrubbery, waiting to pounce. Others, apparently equipped with binoculars, kept a vigil on their territory from a distance. One of them, a spy octogenarian with bright red curls, reportedly perched in a tree overlooking the Medici Fountain, which gives her a panoramic view of the chairs lining both sides of the adjacent pool. She is known to habitually

the Luxembourg as the Red Baroness.

Eyesight

All of the chaises, even the oldest, had extraordinary eyesight. Trying to fob off a Spanish peseta or a New York subway token among a handful of 10-centime pieces was not merely a waste of time; it was certain to evoke a deluge of abuse. Nor did it do any good to tell them that you had no small change—they

were quite capable of changing a 100-franc note for a 35-centime ticket. As for putting on the ignorant-foreigner act, that simply brought cackles of laughter: Who could fail to grasp the connection between an outstretched ticket and an outstretched palm?

Thus in fair weather and foul, on bone-chilling January days and in the humid heat of August, these harpies stalked the parks and squares of the capital, exacting their small toll. Con-

stant exercise in the open air has kept them nimble and fleet-footed, though weather-bent. An official at the Luxembourg said this week that retention of the chaises there and in the other parks, as distinct from the public squares, would continue "for the present," the implication being obvious.

During a visit to the Luxembourg the other day, however, there were none to be seen. Which does not mean, of course, that they weren't there. I'm sure they were there, in fact, because I couldn't see them—like wood nymphs, they had blended into the landscape.

Dreams

Sometimes I dream about the chaises, especially the one who lives in the tree near the Medici Fountain. One night I dreamt that I was alone in the Luxembourg Gardens, which were flooded to a depth of several feet: The water-main supplying the central fountain had burst. I was sitting on a metal chair at the highest point in the park—the elevated bandstand—reading Le Monde, with the water up to my lap and rising.

Glancing up from my paper, I saw a periscope, and a moment later a midget submarine surfaced. The conning tower opened, the Red Baroness poked her head out and held a chair ticket aloft. "That will be 70 centimes," she said.

All things considered, it's nice to know that she and the rest of her squadron still have at least a few hours of flying time ahead of them.

Entertainment in New York

NEW YORK, March 30 (IHT).—This is how critics rate the new movies:

"The Godfather," based on Mario Puzo's best-selling novel of the same title, was hailed as "one of the most brutal and moving chronicles of American life ever designed within the limits of popular entertainment" in The New York Times. Critic Vincent Canby credits the director, Francis Ford Coppola, who with Puzo wrote the script, with a movie that "transcends its immediate milieu and genre." The author's point that the experience of the Corleone family may be the mid-20th century equivalent of 19th-century industrial barons is "somewhat more ambiguous and more interesting in the film." In Canby's opinion Marlon Brando, as Don Corleone, is "the key to the film, and to the contributions of all of the other performers." Associated Press writer Norm Goldstein comments "Thank 'Godfather' for Marlon Brando... the prime extra ingredient of the film. Jaws puffed by making voice raspy, with an aging shuffle, Brando magnificently understates the presence of the

"Godfather, the wily, wizened omnipower."

"The Concert for Bangladesh," the film record of a 1971 rock music concert given at Madison Square Garden by Ravi Shankar, George Harrison and Bob Dylan, among others, rated "a very good movie as such movies go (and they often go quite badly)" from Roger Greenspan in The Times. Anyone who has seen many rock-concert movies will appreciate that in this one there are "no unnecessary zooms, no lab-created light shows, almost no exploitation of the on-screen audience, no insistence that a concert of music is somehow a special revolution." Greenspan says: "The worst thing in the movie is the sound, of course very loud, but neither rich nor full."

"Gunshee," starring Albert Finney, is "more affecting than might be expected" from a film that borrows "The Thin Man" logo and all sorts of things from films out of a time long past," Vincent Canby writes in The Times. The credit goes to Finney for his "very funny, very straight" performance as bicoastal-turned-private investigator. The plots and counterplots of the movie are "not particularly deep," Canby adds. However he is sure that this was the intention of both the director, Stephen Frears, and Neville Smith, "who wrote it in with affection and great good humor, as well as with the awareness that it's impossible to make a 1935 American private-eye movie in 1972, especially if one is English."

Dutch Flowers

AMSTERDAM, March 30 (AP).—Queen Juliana opened the Floriade yesterday in Amsterdam. The 350-acre horticultural show is said, by its organizers, to be the biggest international event of its type ever held.

PARIS AMUSEMENTS

RESTAURANTS - CINEMAS - THEATERS - NIGHT CLUBS

Dans la Cadre le plus prestigieux
JOUR & NUIT
LE RESTAURANT DES CHAMPS-ÉLYSÉES
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT - SALLE CLIMATISÉE
2, rue de Berri - Paris 8^e - T. 12.63 - 12.64
Même Direction: SHERWOOD - 1, rue Dumas - 073.70.52

Etienne de Bigorre
In a typical setting
Fish soup, patis, confits.
Menu 25 Fr. all incl. and à la carte.
Res. to reserve. 14 Rue Dauphine.
Tel.: 262-251. Closed on Sunday.

Amplifier: chromaphone
ERIC CHANIERE
JOHNNY MELLOW
MAURICE KEZLAU
at the piano
ASCOT BAR
16 Rue Pierre-Charron

JOE ALLEN
30 Rue Pierre-Lescot Paris-1er.
TEL. 231 31 48

RASPOUTINE
RESTAURANT CABBARET RUSSSE
EN VOIE DES CHAMPS-ÉLYSÉES
2 GRANDS ORCHESTRES
50 ARTISTES et MUSICIENS
avec accompagnement de 120 GAMES
21 Rue Bassano 7209-03
Tous les soirs à 20 h 15

CALAVADOS ELY. 27-28
JOS TURNER LOS LATINOS
Tanche, Sanchi, Candi, Light Dimers
40 Ely, 7, rue de la Paix (c. St. George-W)
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT - All cond.

WORLD FAMOUS
LIDO
Nightly at 11 p.m. and 1.15 a.m.
Two different shows
Soyez Curieux!
MINIMUM PER PERSON
TAX AND TIP INCLUDED
70^{Fr} with 1/2 bottle
champagne or 1/2
OR
110^{Fr} with 1/2 bottle
champagne or 2 drinks
DINNER-DANCE AT 8.30 p.m.
RESERVATIONS 359.10.51 or 05.72

THE NIGHT CLUB OF THE
CHAMPS-ÉLYSÉES
PussyCat
The most exciting Parisian Girls
Floor show - Dance
Every night from 10 p.m. till dawn
25 R. Quai de la Seine, 84-85-86
RECOMMENDED BY
Frank SINATRA & Duke ELLINGTON

Watch for this
feature every
**MONDAY, WEDNESDAY
AND FRIDAY**



Your Captain wishes you a pleasant flight.

To most people, a BEA Captain is a friendly voice over the aircraft address system. But there's a few things your Captain has to do before he speaks to you. Let's take them in order.

First, he has to spend two years at flying school, followed by six months at the BEA Training School, where he 'flies' 80 hours on the Flight Simulator. Then he begins service—as a Second Officer. About four years later, he'll be a First Officer.

Nine or ten years after that—if he's really good, and we don't make it easy—he can become a BEA Captain.

Before each take-off from London, he has a 30-minute briefing and passes it on to his crew. He's responsible for exhaustive checks of the plane and personnel—164 dials in the Trident cockpit alone. He takes off.

Only then can your Captain say: 'Ladies and Gentlemen, this is your Captain, wishing you all a very pleasant flight.'



Your Captain wishes you
a pleasant flight.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

[illegible]

(Continued on Page 10)

g

—1972—		Stocks and	Sts.						
High	Low	Div.	In \$	100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Ch.

[illegible]

30%	19%	Coit + Intl	196	23%	26	23%	25%	+2%
28%	21%	ColeNatl	.44	20	24%	24	24%	- 2%
25%	20%	Coleman	.40	23%	21%	20%	20%	- 1%

[illegible]

Y	40.50	40.60	39.90	40.40	40.50
	40.05	40.05	39.35	39.95	40.05
	38.80	38.85	38.25	37.77	38.80

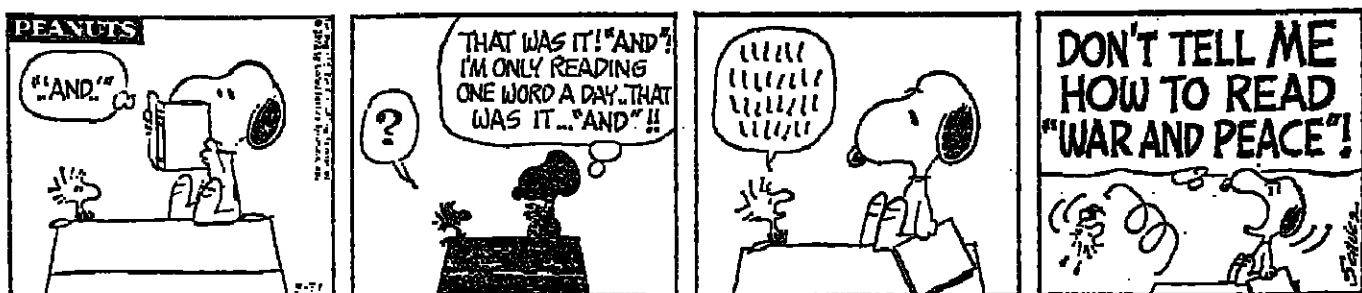
[illegible]

b Mrs	McDonald	VaComw B
rt Flex	Milton: Brad	Wang Labs
ain wt	Norton Co	White Cons

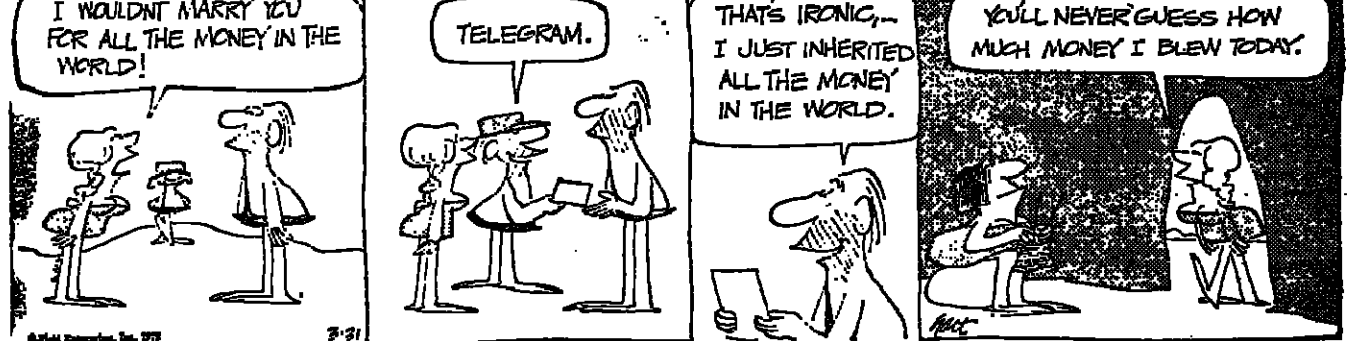
[illegible]**Company**[illegible]

حکومت امن و امان

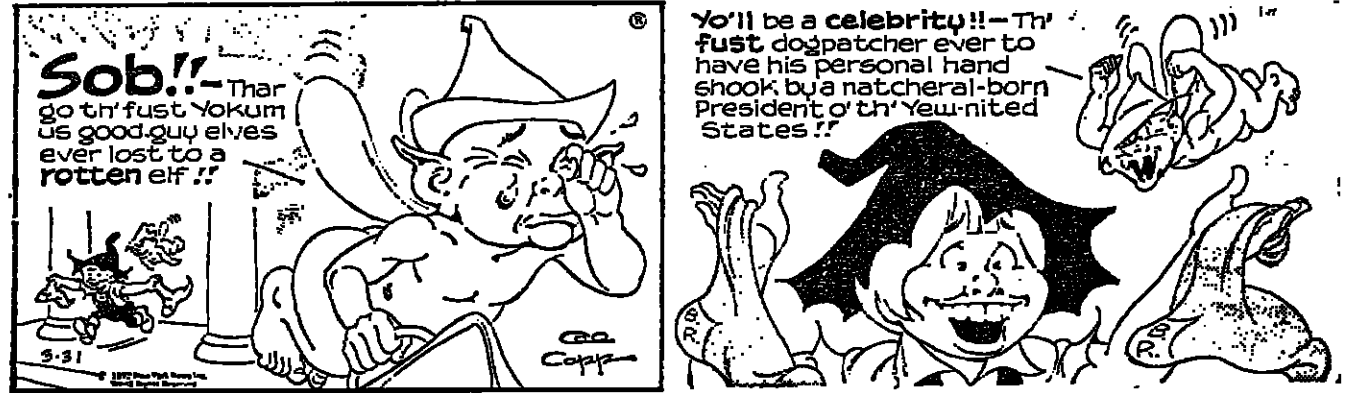
PEANUTS



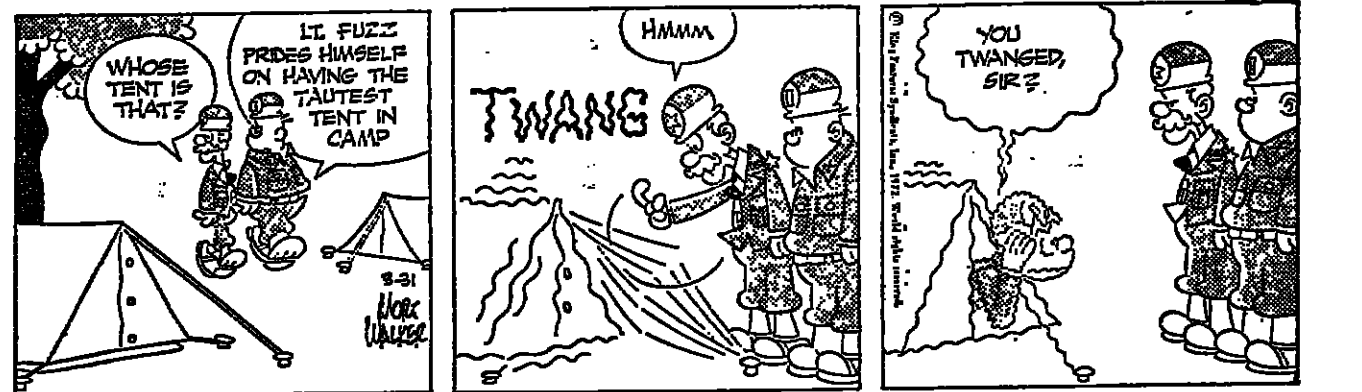
B.C.



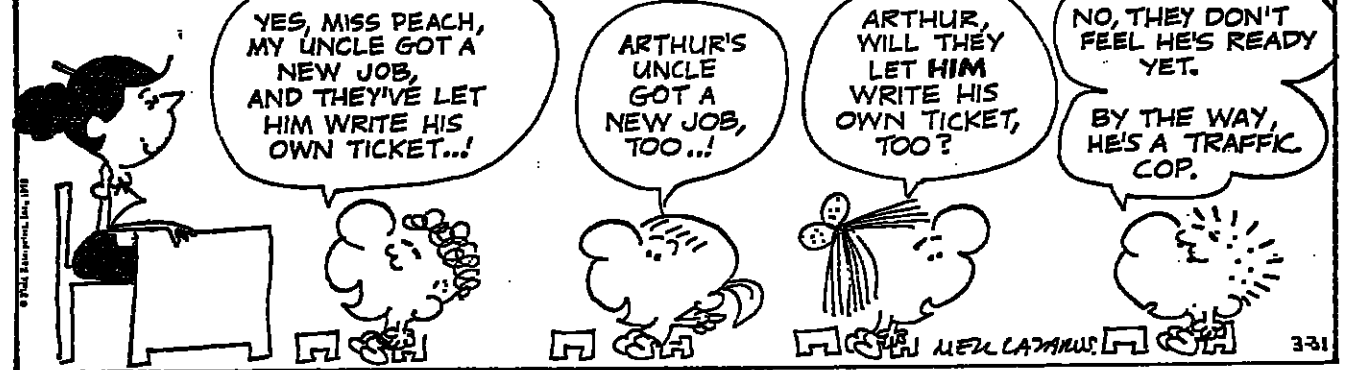
LILL ABNER



BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZZ SAWYER



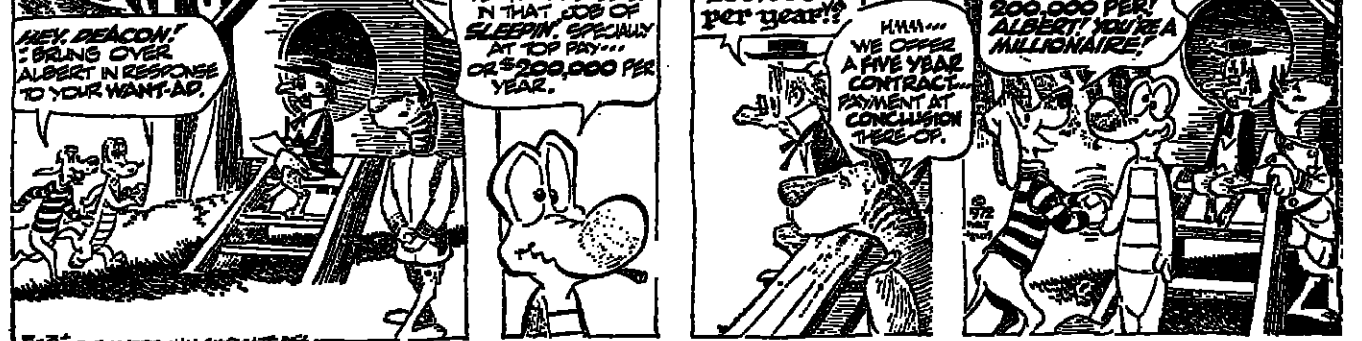
WIAZRD of ID



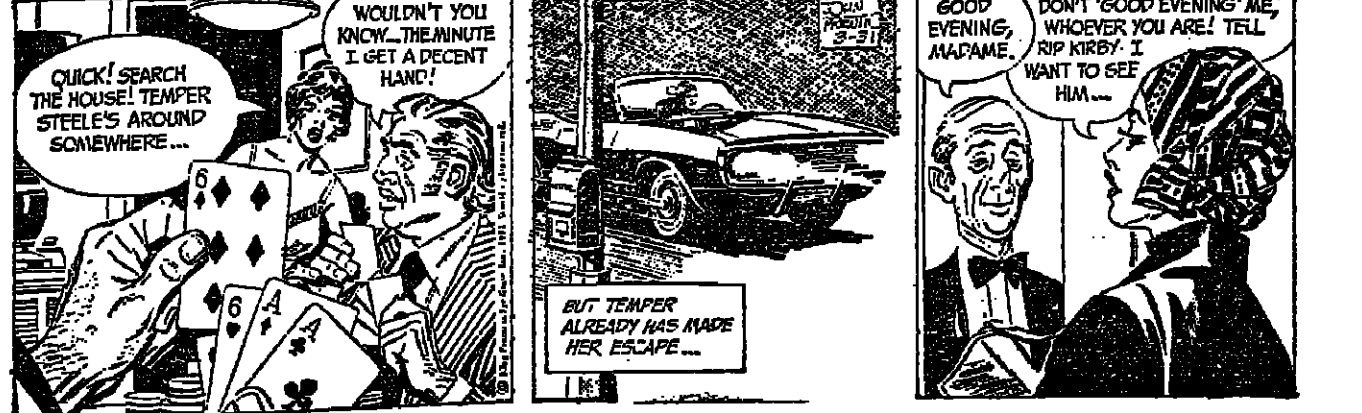
REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

Declarers who appear an entry short in the dummy sometimes uncover unusual and successful plays. South did on this deal.

East opened the bidding with three clubs—when the vulnerability is favorable, pre-empt is ventured with a feeble suit—and South made a well-judged overall of four spades. Three spades would have been timid holding about eight playing tricks.

In the face of an apparent misfit West was naturally not inclined to bid at the five-level although, as it happens, only an unlikely trump lead would have defeated five hearts. However, North-South would probably have continued to five spades, a hopeless contract unless West is foolish enough to lead a diamond or South has an inspiration in the play.

This declarer was inspired, and made an overtrick in four spades. After the opening lead of the heart king the road to ten tricks is simple: win the first trick in dummy, draw trumps ending in dummy, and take a club finesse, which is sure to win. The declarer then resigns himself to the loss of three diamond tricks.

But instead of making the obvious play at the first trick, South allowed the heart king to win. This was a slightly risky maneuver since East-West could have developed a crossruff if East had held a singleton diamond, but it offered a fine chance of making a valuable overtrick.

West could do nothing better than continue with the heart queen, and South ruffed in his hand. Next South cashed the spade ace, led to the queen and took the club finesse.

With only one more entry to the dummy it might seem that he was limited to two club tricks, but South now executed his plan. He led the heart ace from dummy and discarded his club ace with a small flourish. Now it was a simple matter to continue clubs, ruff out the king, and return to dummy in trumps for a total of 11 tricks.

"You could have stopped that," snarled East, "simply by leading a low heart instead of the king."

NORTH
 ♠ Q102
 ♥ A94
 ♦ 983
 ♣ QJ109

EAST (D)
 ♠ 65
 ♥ KQ10862
 ♦ A71062
 ♣ —

SOUTH
 ♠ AKJ9873
 ♥ Q3
 ♦ K54
 ♣ A2

North and South were vulnerable. The bidding:
 East 3♣ South 3♥ West Pass
 East 4♥ South 4♠ West Pass
 East Pass South 5♠ West Pass
 West led the heart king.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

REF	PHILIPS	CHAPS
ELL	OPTIC	HELD
ABO	MICHA	HELEN
ABU	CHROM	HELEN
SPITAL	FACE	HAIR
CAISED	RITES	ONE
RURR	SEALS	AGUE
ALIE	DECRY	SILKS
MAIS	CAR	TRIAL
ASIA	PIA	ASIA
CHOR	OPPER	PLAS
LORE	ELATE	ERT
ENDER	RACER	TEE
ALOIS	STERE	YAM

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE — that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

RYBIN

TOAQU

PACALA

IMSURT

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

Yesterday's Jumble: LOFTY COUPE SEPTIC JOSTLE
 Answer: Oddly enough it's most difficult to teach those who are this—"CLOSEST"

BOOKS

RUN-THROUGH
A Memoir

By John Houseman. 507 pp. Illustrated. Simon & Schuster. \$12.95.

Reviewed by Harding Lemay

"WITH my limited equipment and my total absence of ties," John Houseman confesses in this vibrant memoir of the theater, "I had survived through the confusion of the Great Depression into the heart of an astonishing number of creative projects, in each of which I played an important, and sometimes an essential, part."

With disciplined control of combustible material and a graceful, flexible writing style, Mr. Houseman things open the doors to a profession populated by mavericks and emotional rogues, fools and madmen, geniuses and charlatans, in this instance combined in the ebullient person of Orson Welles, to whom the greater share of Mr. Houseman's memoir is devoted.

Behind most famous figures there is a private shadow providing the glue that holds the public image together. Behind Welles was John Houseman. He recalls their personal and professional partnership, as one in which "fatigue, humiliation, mutual reproaches (had) their cumulative and corrosive effect... (it became) an association from which all affection seemed to have been drained and only self-interest remained to hold us together."

Born in Bucharest in 1902 to a British mother and an Albanian Jewish father, Jacques Houseman was sent to England at 7 to be educated. A fearful intruder in a household of three other boys, he evolved into John Houseman, caught between his mother's image of him as a "friend of King George" and his own self-image as a "friend of Orson Welles," and Continental merchant prince, and vague cultural yearnings at odds with the mercantile world he was obliged to enter on his father's death.

A tycoon in the international grain trade at 30, he edged his way, mostly through influential friends, into the periphery of the theater. In 1934, two crucial events changed his life. He directed "Four Saints in Three Acts," that delectable monument to the verbal and musical gifts of Gertrude Stein and Virgil Thomson, gaining his first theatrical success and a life-long friend in the older composer. That same year, he met 19-year-old Orson Welles, who was playing Tybalt in Katherine Cornell's production of "Romeo and Juliet."

Although "Run-Through" is peopled by numerous celebrities, it is actually a chronicle of the hectic partnership between a disciplined mentor of taste and wit and a disorganized, undisciplined, whimsical, phenomenal gifts have remained beached on ego and self-indulgence since the partnership ended.

But here, in the arrogant exuberance of youth, is the Orson Welles who set off a series of theatrical sky-rockets in six dazzling years: the breath-taking

The reviewer is the author of a number of plays and a memoir "Inside, Looking Out."

CROSSWORD

By Will Wells

ACROSS

1 Red wine

6 Guinness

10 Fresh-water duck

14 Eagle-rider of myth

15 "And—fine" said

16 Prefix for an Asian nation

17 African range

18 Capsize

20 Moon vehicle

21 Baled wool sold at auction

22 King, for pay or cup

24 Of bees

26 Certain nights

28 Wicked

30 Sorghum

31 Dye base

32 Famous name in theater

33 Rich soil

37 Woven

38 Hawaiian natives

42 Kind of soap

46 Tropical balsam

48 Old French land measures

49 Kind of walk or foot

51 News initials

52 Large butterfly

54 Encouraging sound

57 Famed conductor

58 Sheep fabric

61 Queenly nickname

62 Monitor lizard

63 In reference to

64 Fling

65 Hark! Prefix

66 Eminent

DOWN

1 Mill product

2 Diminutive suffix

3 Breed of dog

4 Go—rampage

5 Fashion name

6 Chiquely

7 Sly look

8 Young animal

9 Dieting unit

10 Spanish uncle

11 Shipment

12 Writer St. John

13 Navigational aid

19 Booth

22 Mirror backing

25 Shaped like a hand

27 Major Hoople, for one

28 Noted U.S. physician

29 Buffalo's cousin

33 Sea spray

34 Sect

35 Digits

39 Asian country

40 Campus visitor

41 Sigh

42 American saint

43 Irish exclamation

44 Stoical

47 Mine car

48 Winter Alps is

49 Collector of a sort

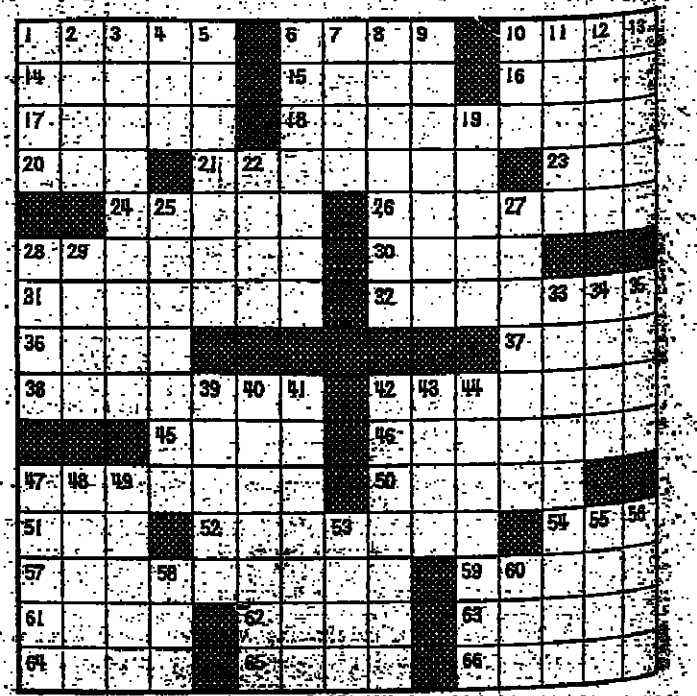
53 Hindu land grant

55 Liliaceous plant

56 Drove

58 Mountain pass

60 Bear-Sp.



Kuberski, Williams Star Celtics' Subs Set Pace in Playoff With Hawks

BOSTON, March 30 (UPI)—Steve Kuberski and Tom Williams led a second-period rally that put Boston ahead 40-37 as the Celtics scored a 124-107 victory over the Atlanta Hawks in their Eastern Conference

ABA Pacers and Season With Victory

INDIANAPOLIS, March 30 (UPI)—The Indiana Pacers made their regular season finale a 128-113 triumph over the Pittsburgh Penguins in the American Basketball Association.

The Pacers return to action to play here against the Denver Nuggets in the first round of the ABA Western Division playoffs.

Colombians 117, Floridians 109. Kentucky broke open a close game in the third quarter and led to a 117-109 victory over the Floridians.

The Colonels, who won the ABA Eastern Division title, won the 71st Squires by 23 games, wound with a 58-18 win-loss season record.

Squires 113, Pros 96. Bernie Williams scored 33 points and Julius Erving had 26 points and 11 rebounds, 123-99, clinched second place in the Eastern Division.

Virginia now meets the Floridians and third-place New York Nets in the Eastern Division.

Stars 112, Rockets 109. Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.

Utah, trailing throughout most of the game, went ahead on a little late layup with two minutes left and scored a 112-109 victory over Denver.



JOCKEY FIRST—Jockey Bob Champion is tossed by his mount, Superswift, during steeplechase race at Sandown Park, England.

Ali Says '5' Is the Magic Number

TOKYO, March 30 (UPI)—

Former world heavyweight champion Muhammad Ali ended his sparring today and said he would knock out Mac Foster in the fifth round of their scheduled 15-round bout here Saturday afternoon.

After going three rounds each with middleweight Dave Odins and heavyweight Alvin Johnson, Ali shouted to a large crowd:

"Round five. It'll be all over in round four or six but in round five."

Wrapping an arm around trainer Angelo Dundee, Ali said, "I like the number five. I get up at five in the morning, I run five miles a day, I eat five poached eggs, I drink five glasses of orange juice during the day and I drink five glasses of iced waters during the day."

"I take a nap at 5 p.m. My daughter is 5 years old. I'm married five years and I met my wife on June 5."

The former champion, 30, appeared in good shape as he finished his sparring.

His opponent, Foster, was one of the most promising heavyweights until he was stopped in the sixth round by Jerry Quarry in June, 1970. It has been his only loss in 21 fights.

Tougher Stand. LONDON, March 30 (AP). — British boxing officials plan stricter supervision over stimulants used by foreign fighters in this country.

That is the sequel to an incident involving Cuban-born Jose Napoles during his successful defense of the world welterweight title against Britain's Ralph Charles at Wembley Tuesday night.

After the sixth round, ring officials confiscated ammonia capsules from Napoles's manager, Cuco Conde.

Ray Clark, general secretary of the British Boxing Board of Control, said: "It has always been the responsibility of a visiting boxer's British agent to make it clear to him what is and what is not permitted here."

"Perhaps in the case of Napoles the message did not get through, or perhaps it was disregarded. In the future, we will tell the visitors ourselves."

U.K., Australia, France in Trials For America Cup. NEW YORK, March 30 (Reuters).—Twenty-two yachts from Britain, Australia and France will hold trials off Newport, R.I., in August, 1974, to choose a challenger to race against the United States' defending yacht in the next America's Cup race, it was announced yesterday.

Arrangements for the America's Cup series were worked out earlier this month by the Royal Thames Yacht Club of London and the New York Yacht Club.

Taking part in the trials will be a yacht representing the Thames Club, one from the Royal Perth Yacht Club of Western Australia and a yacht from France, representing either the Cercle de la Voile de Paris or the Société Nautique de Marseille.

U.S., Poland Tied For 1st in Hockey. BUCHAREST, March 30 (Reuters).—The United States scored its fourth successive victory in the world ice hockey class B tournament beating Norway, 5-1, to remain in a tie for first with Poland.

Poland also won today, beating Yugoslavia, 5-3, to maintain its perfect record.

Indians Take Offense at NFL Redskins. By Shelby Coffey 3d. WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI).—A delegation of 11 people representing a variety of Indian organizations arrived yesterday afternoon at the elegant law offices of Edward Bennett Williams, president of the Washington Redskins football team, and requested that Williams become the president of the Washington "redskins" football team.

Among the group requesting that "the derogatory racial epithet 'redskins' be banished from the Washington sports scene" were Ladonna Harris, wife of Sen. Fred Harris, D., Okla., and president of the American Indians for Indian Opportunity, and Leon Cook, president of the National Congress of American Indians, which claims a membership of 350,000 Indians, according to the protesting group's leader, Harold Gross, an attorney for another Indian organization.

The group entered Williams' conference room after Williams said he did not want the press included in what had been scheduled as a private meeting—and emerged an hour later, some happy, some frustrated, all waiting for Williams' next move.

After the meeting, Williams had no comments, but the Indian group had several "I thought Williams was going to get hit there for a minute," said Gross, referring to one particularly hot moment in the conference.

According to Gross, the group restated their objections to the term "redskin" while Williams said he took no official position.

They recommended that half-time activities of the Redskins be revised along with the team song "Hail to the Redskins" which reads, in part, "Hail to the Redskins, hail victory/Braves on the Warpath/

Ali Says '5' Is the Magic Number

TOKYO, March 30 (UPI)—

Former world heavyweight champion Muhammad Ali ended his sparring today and said he would knock out Mac Foster in the fifth round of their scheduled 15-round bout here Saturday afternoon.

After going three rounds each with middleweight Dave Odins and heavyweight Alvin Johnson, Ali shouted to a large crowd:

"Round five. It'll be all over in round four or six but in round five."

Wrapping an arm around trainer Angelo Dundee, Ali said, "I like the number five. I get up at five in the morning, I run five miles a day, I eat five poached eggs, I drink five glasses of orange juice during the day and I drink five glasses of iced waters during the day."

"I take a nap at 5 p.m. My daughter is 5 years old. I'm married five years and I met my wife on June 5."

The former champion, 30, appeared in good shape as he finished his sparring.

His opponent, Foster, was one of the most promising heavyweights until he was stopped in the sixth round by Jerry Quarry in June, 1970. It has been his only loss in 21 fights.

Tougher Stand. LONDON, March 30 (AP). — British boxing officials plan stricter supervision over stimulants used by foreign fighters in this country.

That is the sequel to an incident involving Cuban-born Jose Napoles during his successful defense of the world welterweight title against Britain's Ralph Charles at Wembley Tuesday night.

After the sixth round, ring officials confiscated ammonia capsules from Napoles's manager, Cuco Conde.

Ray Clark, general secretary of the British Boxing Board of Control, said: "It has always been the responsibility of a visiting boxer's British agent to make it clear to him what is and what is not permitted here."

"Perhaps in the case of Napoles the message did not get through, or perhaps it was disregarded. In the future, we will tell the visitors ourselves."

U.K., Australia, France in Trials For America Cup. NEW YORK, March 30 (Reuters).—Twenty-two yachts from Britain, Australia and France will hold trials off Newport, R.I., in August, 1974, to choose a challenger to race against the United States' defending yacht in the next America's Cup race, it was announced yesterday.

Arrangements for the America's Cup series were worked out earlier this month by the Royal Thames Yacht Club of London and the New York Yacht Club.

Taking part in the trials will be a yacht representing the Thames Club, one from the Royal Perth Yacht Club of Western Australia and a yacht from France, representing either the Cercle de la Voile de Paris or the Société Nautique de Marseille.

U.S., Poland Tied For 1st in Hockey. BUCHAREST, March 30 (Reuters).—The United States scored its fourth successive victory in the world ice hockey class B tournament beating Norway, 5-1, to remain in a tie for first with Poland.

Poland also won today, beating Yugoslavia, 5-3, to maintain its perfect record.

Indians Take Offense at NFL Redskins. By Shelby Coffey 3d. WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI).—A delegation of 11 people representing a variety of Indian organizations arrived yesterday afternoon at the elegant law offices of Edward Bennett Williams, president of the Washington Redskins football team, and requested that Williams become the president of the Washington "redskins" football team.

Among the group requesting that "the derogatory racial epithet 'redskins' be banished from the Washington sports scene" were Ladonna Harris, wife of Sen. Fred Harris, D., Okla., and president of the American Indians for Indian Opportunity, and Leon Cook, president of the National Congress of American Indians, which claims a membership of 350,000 Indians, according to the protesting group's leader, Harold Gross, an attorney for another Indian organization.

The group entered Williams' conference room after Williams said he did not want the press included in what had been scheduled as a private meeting—and emerged an hour later, some happy, some frustrated, all waiting for Williams' next move.

After the meeting, Williams had no comments, but the Indian group had several "I thought Williams was going to get hit there for a minute," said Gross, referring to one particularly hot moment in the conference.

According to Gross, the group restated their objections to the term "redskin" while Williams said he took no official position.

They recommended that half-time activities of the Redskins be revised along with the team song "Hail to the Redskins" which reads, in part, "Hail to the Redskins, hail victory/Braves on the Warpath/

Ali Says '5' Is the Magic Number

TOKYO, March 30 (UPI)—

Former world heavyweight champion Muhammad Ali ended his sparring today and said he would knock out Mac Foster in the fifth round of their scheduled 15-round bout here Saturday afternoon.

After going three rounds each with middleweight Dave Odins and heavyweight Alvin Johnson, Ali shouted to a large crowd:

"Round five. It'll be all over in round four or six but in round five."

Wrapping an arm around trainer Angelo Dundee, Ali said, "I like the number five. I get up at five in the morning, I run five miles a day, I eat five poached eggs, I drink five glasses of orange juice during the day and I drink five glasses of iced waters during the day."

"I take a nap at 5 p.m. My daughter is 5 years old. I'm married five years and I met my wife on June 5."

The former champion, 30, appeared in good shape as he finished his sparring.

His opponent, Foster, was one of the most promising heavyweights until he was stopped in the sixth round by Jerry Quarry in June, 1970. It has been his only loss in 21 fights.

Tougher Stand. LONDON, March 30 (AP). — British boxing officials plan stricter supervision over stimulants used by foreign fighters in this country.

That is the sequel to an incident involving Cuban-born Jose Napoles during his successful defense of the world welterweight title against Britain's Ralph Charles at Wembley Tuesday night.

After the sixth round, ring officials confiscated ammonia capsules from Napoles's manager, Cuco Conde.

Ray Clark, general secretary of the British Boxing Board of Control, said: "It has always been the responsibility of a visiting boxer's British agent to make it clear to him what is and what is not permitted here."

"Perhaps in the case of Napoles the message did not get through, or perhaps it was disregarded. In the future, we will tell the visitors ourselves."

U.K., Australia, France in Trials For America Cup. NEW YORK, March 30 (Reuters).—Twenty-two yachts from Britain, Australia and France will hold trials off Newport, R.I., in August, 1974, to choose a challenger to race against the United States' defending yacht in the next America's Cup race, it was announced yesterday.

Arrangements for the America's Cup series were worked out earlier this month by the Royal Thames Yacht Club of London and the New York Yacht Club.

Taking part in the trials will be a yacht representing the Thames Club, one from the Royal Perth Yacht Club of Western Australia and a yacht from France, representing either the Cercle de la Voile de Paris or the Société Nautique de Marseille.

U.S., Poland Tied For 1st in Hockey. BUCHAREST, March 30 (Reuters).—The United States scored its fourth successive victory in the world ice hockey class B tournament beating Norway, 5-1, to remain in a tie for first with Poland.

Poland also won today, beating Yugoslavia, 5-3, to maintain its perfect record.

Indians Take Offense at NFL Redskins. By Shelby Coffey 3d. WASHINGTON, March 30 (UPI).—A delegation of 11 people representing a variety of Indian organizations arrived yesterday afternoon at the elegant law offices of Edward Bennett Williams, president of the Washington Redskins football team, and requested that Williams become the president of the Washington "redskins" football team.

Among the group requesting that "the derogatory racial epithet 'redskins' be banished from the Washington sports scene" were Ladonna Harris, wife of Sen. Fred Harris, D., Okla., and president of the American Indians for Indian Opportunity, and Leon Cook, president of the National Congress of American Indians, which claims a membership of 350,000 Indians, according to the protesting group's leader, Harold Gross, an attorney for another Indian organization.

The group entered Williams' conference room after Williams said he did not want the press included in what had been scheduled as a private meeting—and emerged an hour later, some happy, some frustrated, all waiting for Williams' next move.

After the meeting, Williams had no comments, but the Indian group had several "I thought Williams was going to get hit there for a minute," said Gross, referring to one particularly hot moment in the conference.

According to Gross, the group restated their objections to the term "redskin" while Williams said he took no official position.

They recommended that half-time activities of the Redskins be revised along with the team song "Hail to the Redskins" which reads, in part, "Hail to the Redskins, hail victory/Braves on the Warpath/

Halt Streak of Bruin Goalie Maple Leafs Strengthen Position for 4th Place

TORONTO, March 30 (UPI).—Four first-period goals enabled the Toronto Maple Leafs to beat Boston, 4-1, last night and snap Bruin goalie Gerry Cheevers' unbeaten string at 32 games.

The Leafs' victory coupled with Detroit's 2-2 tie with New York gave Toronto a two-point edge over the Wings in their battle for the fourth and final playoff spot in the National Hockey League East. Toronto has two games left, while Detroit has one remaining. However, if the Leafs enter the playoffs because it will have more victories.

Cheevers, who had not played in Maple Leaf Garden since the 1970 playoffs, injured his left hand on a shot by teammate Carol Vadnais in a warmup and looked weak on all four Leaf goals which came on blue line drives.

Brad Selwood opened the scoring at the seven-minute mark. Gary Monahan, Ron Ellis and Jim McKenny beat Cheevers to complete the Leafs' scoring. Ellis and McKenny tallied on power plays.

Rangers 2, Red Wings 2. Vic Hadfield scored two goals within a 48-second span in the final minutes of the game to give New York a 2-2 tie with Detroit that enabled the Rangers to clinch second place in the East Division.

The Rangers appeared headed for their second consecutive shut-out on home ice when Hadfield scored on goalie Andy Brown at 16:54 of the final period, converting a pass from Pete Stemkowski.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

Halt Streak of Bruin Goalie Maple Leafs Strengthen Position for 4th Place

TORONTO, March 30 (UPI).—Four first-period goals enabled the Toronto Maple Leafs to beat Boston, 4-1, last night and snap Bruin goalie Gerry Cheevers' unbeaten string at 32 games.

The Leafs' victory coupled with Detroit's 2-2 tie with New York gave Toronto a two-point edge over the Wings in their battle for the fourth and final playoff spot in the National Hockey League East. Toronto has two games left, while Detroit has one remaining. However, if the Leafs enter the playoffs because it will have more victories.

Cheevers, who had not played in Maple Leaf Garden since the 1970 playoffs, injured his left hand on a shot by teammate Carol Vadnais in a warmup and looked weak on all four Leaf goals which came on blue line drives.

Brad Selwood opened the scoring at the seven-minute mark. Gary Monahan, Ron Ellis and Jim McKenny beat Cheevers to complete the Leafs' scoring. Ellis and McKenny tallied on power plays.

Rangers 2, Red Wings 2. Vic Hadfield scored two goals within a 48-second span in the final minutes of the game to give New York a 2-2 tie with Detroit that enabled the Rangers to clinch second place in the East Division.

The Rangers appeared headed for their second consecutive shut-out on home ice when Hadfield scored on goalie Andy Brown at 16:54 of the final period, converting a pass from Pete Stemkowski.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

The Leafs have two games remaining and Detroit just one. Detroit scored both its goals in the opening period with Nick Libett collecting his 31st goal at the six-minute mark and Mickey Redmond tallying his 42d during the second period.

Hadfield then notched his 48th goal, all-time Ranger record when he took a pass from Bobby Rousseau and pushed it past Brown at 17:43 from just to the right of the rookie netminder.

The tie was a disappointment for the red wings, who had won four of their previous five games and came into the contest trailing fourth-place Toronto by a point for the final playoff berth in the East.

Halt Streak of Bruin Goalie Maple Leafs Strengthen Position for 4th Place

TORONTO, March 30 (UPI).



Baker

ASL
Manufacturing & Synt
73 BAARERSTRASSE, 630
Only 18 kilometers from Zürich
Telex: 78967 — Teleph.:
or International 0041/42

INGL.
Sizing Chemists
ZUG / Switzerland.
Kloten Airport.
+41-63-33.
+41-63-33.

Cumberland Garage Bryan-
Leicester, Leicestershire
A. Lesueur, Tel.: 767-30-62.
Torino Motorcycles, Piazza di
Torino, Milano A.I., Tel.: 895-41.

Eoslog 707, guaranteed dates
for 1974.
FRANCOISE LIMITED
Trijmbou House, Brent St,
London W1. Tel.: 01-447 1555 T. 437
4148. We have to deal with a less
established firm.

BEST COSTA
COSTA COFFEE LTD.
£75,000 must
be made by
March 7, 2024.

MORE to ship your car?
Over 33 years of worldwide
experience for Car Shipping
Experts, Paris. Tel.: 745-58-38.

AFRICA. Plr. Nairobi 16-day Safari!
Nilecrn. 523 Grand Bldg. London
WC2N. Tel.: 950 1895.

HOLLAND

FOR RENT first-class (paris) furnished accommodation. International Housing Service, 989 Pennsylvania Avenue, Amsterdam. Tel.: 020-276774.

WANTED - FRENCH-SPEAKING bar-
tender & waiter with experience
working in U.S. on Blue Planet
Club. Paris 1st between 2-6 p.m. Ask
for Mr. J. L. B. at 70-98.

AMERICAN NEWS Magazine seeks
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, capable
of handling all correspondence in
English, French or German.
Must know English, French & Ger-
man. Box 79,646, Herald, Paris.

HELP WANTED

AU PÂTIER: American couple want
to open a small bakery de Marseilles
in Paris. Tel. Paris: 224-5742. a.m.

AMERICAN widower with two
children desires to meet a young
woman who speaks western European
languages. Paris: 56-50-50 or write:
19,495, Haidou, Paris.

Int'l. Car Shipping. 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 1401, 1403, 1405, 1407, 1409, 1411, 1413, 1415, 1417, 1419, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1435, 1437, 1439, 1441, 1443, 1445, 1447, 1449, 1451, 1453, 1455, 1457, 1459, 1461, 1463, 1465, 1467, 1469, 1471, 1473, 1475, 1477, 1479, 1481, 1483, 1485, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1495, 1497, 1499, 1501, 1503, 1505, 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1525, 1527, 1529, 1531, 1533, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, 1551, 1553, 1555, 1557, 1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1567, 1569, 1571, 1573, 1575, 1577, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1587, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1595, 1597, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1605, 1607, 1609, 1611, 1

e-wood- using initiative. English mother- pair immediately, western
28. J. tongue, knowledge French & Ger- Paris: 968-00-80 or write:
rdeaux. man, Box 79,418, Herald. Paris. 79,419, Herald, Paris.

[illegible]